

GOVERNMENT OF NUNA

Contract Activity Report

Prepared by
בּבֶּיֶּה לֵלְנְשׁׁלֵבְּׁ הְצִינְקְיִּשְׁתְּׁ Nunalingni Kavamatkunnilu Pivikhaqautikkut
Department of Community and Government Services Ministère des Services communautaires et gouvernementaux

Table of Contents

Purpose	
Objective	
Introduction	
Report Overview	
General Observations	
Exceptions	
Sole Source Contract Observations	
Summary	
1. All Contracts	
2. Contracting Types	
3. Contracting Methods	
4. Contracts Awarded to Local Business	
5. Submissions Received	
6. Inuit Labour	
7. NNI Adjustments	
8. Comparison to Prior Year	
Appendix A: Glossary and Definition of Terms	57

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to support the integrity and transparency in Government of Nunavut (GN) Contracting and Procurement Practices through annual reporting and to measure the GN's progress towards achieving the objectives of Article 24 of the *Nunavut Agreement*.

Objective

The Government of Nunavut is committed to accountability, achieving greater transparency, and upholding the highest ethical standards in contracting activities. We are committed to ensuring fair and ethical practices in carrying out our responsibilities. Standards are maintained through effective regulations, appropriate policies and procedures, ongoing training and development of GN employees, and adherence to industry best practices. The Government of Nunavut is interested in developing a business environment in which local businesses grow, prosper and increase employment opportunities within Nunavut and expand the economy in general. Accountability to Nunavummiut is accomplished through:

Obtaining the best value for Nunavummiut overall;

Creating a fair, open, and transparent procurement environment for vendors;

Maintaining current and accurate information; and

Ensuring effective approaches to meet the GN's requirements.

Introduction

This report presents statistical information about contracts entered into by GN departments as reported to CGS Procurement, Logistics and Contract Support (with the exception of Real Property Lease Contracts which are reported separately). The organization of this report is based on Chapter Ten of the GN Contract Procedures Manual. Information in this report is for GN contracting activity during the 2019/20 fiscal year with Inuit Labour achievement updates for construction contracts awarded the previous fiscal year.

Crown Corporations and Agencies, Boards, and the Legislative Assembly's contracting activities are not reported to CGS and are, therefore, not included in this report.

CGS cannot guarantee the completeness or accuracy of information reported by departments, however, we make best efforts to verify the information and ensure departments are fully aware of the reporting requirements set out in the NNI Regulations and the GN Contracting Procedures Manual.

Report Overview

Many factors can influence the comparability of data. Unusually high or low values of reported data can result from a blend of several external factors that may not necessarily be obvious to a reader including such significant items as annual variations in operating budgets or capital budgets, policy revisions and one time initiatives. Users of this report should seek informed explanations respecting contributing factors before making judgments and should not base judgments solely on the pie charts and tables contained in this report. Readers should also consider the many other reports and published program information made available by the GN.

This report focuses on the distribution of contracts awarded to companies, individuals or organizations in three status categories:

- 1. Inuit listed on the NTI Inuit Firms Registry,
- 2. Nunavut listed on the GN Nunavut Business Registry (but excludes firms on the NTI Inuit Firm Registry),
- 3. Other not registered as an Inuit or a Nunavut firm.

The report also analyses the participation of Inuit firms competing for GN contracts, and the employment of Inuit in GN construction and maintenance contracts. Pie charts and tables are used to illustrate the statistics presented.

Due to values being rounded to the nearest thousandth, some pie charts and percentages presented in tables may not necessarily add up to exactly 100%.

Firm Status

For this report, companies that were registered with both NTI and the GN are included in the 'Inuit' category and not in the 'Nunavut' category.

<u>'Other'</u> includes Hamlets, Housing Associations, and Inuit Organizations, and Nunavut Arctic College, as well as individuals and/or businesses that are not registered as Inuit or Nunavut firms; Other also includes businesses located in other Provinces and Territories in Canada, as well as firms not located in Canada.

<u>All Contracts</u>, includes all types and values of contracts reported. The number and value of contracts for Inuit and Nunavut firms for all contracts is provided. A breakdown of the number of contracts and value of contracts for Goods Contracts, and for all other Contract Types is provided.

<u>Contract Types</u> are as follows: Air Charters, Architectural/Engineering Services, Consulting Services, Major and Minor Construction and Maintenance Services, Purchase Orders and Services Contracts. The number and value of contracts for each type are provided and illustrated in pie charts and summarized in tables. To facilitate analysis, contracts are analysed within dollar thresholds as follows:

Contracts > \$5,000 to <= \$25,000

Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000

Contracts > \$100,000.

<u>Contracting Methods</u> include contracts awarded by Public, Invitational and Sole Source contracting methods. Contracts are also analysed within the same dollar thresholds as described in Contract Types. The number and value of contracts for each method are illustrated in pie charts and summarized in tables. Sole Source contracts are examined further by breaking out the Contract Types awarded to the status category of Other (not registered).

<u>Contracts Awarded to Local Businesses</u> provides the number and value of contracts awarded to Inuit Firms and Nunavut Businesses that are Local to the community where the goods, construction, and/or services are required. The number and value of contracts to Local are illustrated in pie charts and summarized in tables.

<u>Submissions Received</u> provides information about the number and status of firms bidding for Contracts – Excluding Goods and Sole Source awards. The number of bids and the number of bids from Inuit firms for competitive contracting are provided for the main Contract Type categories and is also illustrated in pie charts and tables.

<u>Inuit Labour</u> provides Inuit labour information for Minor Construction and Maintenance Services and Major Construction contracts.

<u>NNI Adjustments</u> This section provides information about contracts where the NNI adjustments resulted in the company being awarded the contract, when the company would not have otherwise won the contract without the adjustment. The number and dollar value of contracts won due to NNI adjustments are provided for Inuit and Nunavut businesses.

<u>Comparison to Prior Year</u> This section looks at the number and dollar value of contracts to Inuit, Nunavut and Other, awarded by all departments under the Revised NNI Policy which came into effect on April 1, 2004. This policy was replaced with the NNI Regulations on April 01, 2017.

Revised NNI Policy (Regulations)

The NNI Implementation Act and its Regulations came into force as of April 01, 2017. The new NNI Regulations increased the total possible bid adjustments from 21% to 25%. This included an increase from 7% to 15% for 100% owned Inuit Firms. The statistics contained in this report include the new NNI Regulations for the 2017/18 fiscal year.

General Observations

This Contract Activity Report (CAR) and the sister report; Procurement Activity Report (PAR) are composed of data from the same database. Contract information is reported from all departments of the Government of Nunavut. It is quite possible that as the contract information is entered into the database, that some human error will occur. The Department of Community and Government Services (CGS) makes best efforts to verify the accuracy and completeness of the dataset. We use various sources of external information (Freebalance, Requisition Log and Contract Management Listing) to verify the data. It is virtually impossible to assure 100% accuracy. However, even though it is a less than perfect system, we can rely on many repetitive, multi-year trends in the data analysis. This next section of the report will make a brief synopsis of the statistical results for the fiscal year 2019/20 and will also outline some of the multi year trends.

- Statistically we now have fifteen (15) years of data that is comparable in that we have gathered the same data.
- The total value of contracts awarded by the GN increased by 1.6% from 2018/19 to 2019/20. The ratio of contracts awarded to Nunavut Firms has increased to 29% of the total value and contracts awarded to Inuit Firms decreased by 27%. Contracts to Other Firms increased by 26%.
- The number of contracts awarded is down by 18% from 2018/19 to 2019/20. This represents a 12% decrease, over the three years covered in this report.
- The number of contracts awarded to Inuit Firms decreased in proportionate share by 1%, and the number of contracts to Nunavut Businesses increased by 2% while the total number of contracts awarded to Other decreased by 2%.
- Overall in 2019/20 we see that the combined volume of contracts to Inuit and Nunavut Firms has decreased by 16%.
- The actual value of contracts to Inuit Firms decreased by 54%, the value to Nunavut Firms increased by 35% and the value to Other Firms increased by 55%.
- It should be noted that many companies have both Inuit Firm status and Nunavut Business status. For the purposes of this report, companies with this shared status are classified as Inuit.
- Since the fiscal year 2017/18, the volume of contracts has decreased by 12%. It is interesting to note that the volume of contracts awarded to Other Firms has decreased by 15% in comparison. The volume to combined Inuit and Nunavut decreased by 4%.

Multi-Year Trends

- Over the last fourteen (14) years, since 2006/07, the volume of contracts has increased by 114% (from 1053 contracts to 2256 contracts). The volume awarded to "Other" has increased by 161%, the volume to Inuit has increased by 53% and Nunavut has increased by 78%.
- Over the last twelve (12) years, since 2006/07 to 2017/18, generally the value and volume of contracts to "Other" Firms and "Inuit" has been increasing. The value to "Nunavut" Firms has been in decline. We know that many Firms are registered both as Inuit and Nunavut Firms. This trend shows that an increasing number of Firms are registering as both Inuit owned and Nunavut based and that fewer firms are registered as Nunavut based. For the purpose of the application of the NNI Regulations, registering for both allows higher bid adjustments. Note that in 2018/19, and 2019/20 the trend towards increasing volume and value to Nunavut Firms has changed. Both the value and volume for Nunavut Firms is up.
- The majority of the value and volume of contracts in the categories of Architectural and Engineering, Consulting Services and Service Contracts are awarded to Other (non-Inuit or Nunavut) Firms. Inuit and Nunavut Firms are more successful at winning contracts for Major and Minor Construction and Air Charters. This represents an twelve (12) year trend.
- Combined Inuit and Nunavut Firms win more contracts with a value of less than \$25,000. As the value of contracts increases, the proportionate number of contracts Inuit and Nunavut Firms win declines. This trend has been consistent over the past nine (9) years.
- The average distribution of the volume of contracts awarded according to value categories has been largely consistent over the past five (5) years.

<=\$25,000	50%
>\$25,000 to <=\$100,000	30%
>\$100,000	20%

- The 2019/20 statistics continue to show that Inuit and Nunavut Firms are generally more successful at winning contracts in the under \$25,000 value threshold. As the value of the contracts increase, Inuit and Nunavut Firms tend to win a lower percentage of the contracts. This is largely due to the fact that the Procurement Policies of the GN specify that goods and services purchases with a value less than \$25,000 are sourced locally, within Nunavut, where there are 3 or more vendors able to bid and provide the good or service.
- Inuit and Nunavut Firms are more successful at winning Air Charter and Minor Construction contracts in the > \$25,000 and < \$100,000 category. This is a twelve (12) year trend.
- Inuit and Nunavut Firms are more successful at winning Major and Minor Construction contracts as opposed to contracts for Consulting or Architectural/Engineering Services in the over \$100,000 category. This is a twelve (12) year trend.
- More Sole Source contracts of higher value are awarded to Other (non-Inuit and non-Nunavut) Firms. This is also a
 twelve (12) year trend.
- In 2019/20, 20% of the bids received were from Inuit owned firms. Historically, these numbers had remained relatively consistant. As the overall volume of contracts has increased, the relative share of Inuit bids remained between 25-30%. However in 2018/19, this trend ended. The percent share dropped to 19% in 2018/19 and to 20% in 2019/20.
- Inuit and Nunavut Firms (especially Inuit Firms) win a greater percentage share of contracts when goods are included in the contracting statistics. Inuit and Nunavut Firms are able to compete better for goods contracts rather than service contracts. This is a eleven (11) year trend.
- The number of Inuit Firms responding to Tender calls for Major Works Construction remains high for the three (3) years of this report. This indicates a consistent level of participation by Inuit Firms in this area. Bids from Inuit Firms for Minor Works Construction and Maintenance Services and Air Charters also remains high.
- Over the last fourteen (14) years, it can be generally stated that Inuit Firms win 30% volume of contracts, Nunavut Firms 5% and Other Firms 65%.

NNI Regulations Observations:

- In 2019/20, the number of contracts that have been awarded due to the NNI Bid Adjustments remains low at 3.4%.
- A manual review of contracts including goods and contracts awarded due to the bid adjustments of the NNI Regulations indicate the following:

	Number of		Value of	Additional
Fiscal Year	Contracts	% of Total	Contracts	Cost to the GN
2019/20	77	3.4%	\$ 7,138,157	\$ 515,571
2018/19	98	3.6%	\$ 5,165,688	\$1,087,676
2017/18	71	2.8%	\$ 2,938,957	\$ 250,931
2016/17	78	3.2%	\$37,483,480	\$2,979,282
2015/16	64	3.2%	\$ 5,779,608	\$ 388,914
2014/15	55	2.8%	\$ 6,832,142	\$ 183,438
2013/14	41	2.1%	\$ 2,302,040	\$ 76,958
2012/13	41	2.3%	\$ 2,180,163	\$ 89,505
2011/12	68	3.6%	\$22,919,133	\$ 616,615
2010/11	57	3.1%	\$11,028,315	\$ 166,108
2009/10	59	3.3%	\$23,976,383	\$2,055,354

Cost of Applying the NNI Policy (Regulations)

The table above indicates that in the fiscal year 2019/20, there were seventy-seven (77) contracts that were affected by the NNI Regulations. This means that seventy-seven (77) contracts would have been awarded to different contractors if not for the NNI Regulations. The additional cost of the policy to the GN in 2019/20 was \$515,571. The additional cost represents the additional cost to the GN given that contracts are not awarded to the lowest bid but to the lowest bid after bid adjustments and other NNI Regulations outcomes are applied. In 2009/10 and in 2016/17 there were large construction contracts that fell into this category. When construction contracts are awarded due to the NNI Regulations, the additional cost to the GN is higher by comparison. The NNI Award volume of ninety-eight (98) contracts represents an all time high since the tracking of this report. It is important to note that the NNI Regulations changed in the 2017/18 fiscal year. It is possible that the impact of the Revised Regulations may only now be hitting the marketplace. We will continue to track this trend in NNI Awards.

For the eleven (11) years of this analysis, on average, only 3% of the contract awards are the direct result of the NNI Regulations.

Note that the additional costs to the GN of the NNI Regulations does not take into account the costs of required Inuit Labour, Training, Contract Administration and/or NNI Regulations implementation costs.

For the eleven (11) years of the above analysis, the contracts won due to the application of NNI, are overwhelmingly (83-96%) Purchase Orders – Goods.

Purchase Orders are excluded from the data analysed in Section 7 – NNI Adjustments.

Exceptions

- In 2019/20, the GN completed an RFP process for the territories requirements for Scheduled Medical Travel and Duty Travel. The process resulted in an award of two (2) contracts:
 - 1. Calm Air for \$50,000,000.00
 - 2. Canadian North for \$200,000,000.00

These two contract awards are reported as part of the statistics in this report. However, the actual expenditures are not part of the report. The expenditures are reported as exceptions.

• Note: The statistical numbers in this report do not include four (4) large categories of contracts. These are:

	<u>2019/2020</u>	<u>2018/2019</u>	2017/2018
Medical Travel	\$101 Million (est.)	\$57 Million (est.)	\$45 Million (est.)
Fuel (PPD)	\$179 Million (est.)	\$174 Million (est.)	\$137 Million (est.)
Police and Laboratory Services	\$50 Million (est.)	\$43 Million (est.)	\$41 Million (est.)
Physician Services	\$23 Million (est.)	\$25 Million (est.)	\$19 Million (est.)

Contracts for Medical Travel and Fuel do include Inuit content, (Inuit salaries and use of Inuit Firms).

Sole Source Contract Observations

- Sole Source Contracting practices are monitored closely. The GN believes we get the best value for our money through the competitive bidding process. Section 3 of this report discusses the acceptable conditions for Sole Sourcing.
- The GN continues to review the contributing factors to contracts that have been Sole Sourced. We will continue to work towards reducing the occurrence of this contracting method.
- In 2019/20 the overall volume of Sole Source contracts has increased by 7.3%, however in this report (Contract Activity Report) we only consider Sole Source contracts over \$25,000. In 2019/20 we see that Sole Source contracts over \$25,000 have decreased by 17%.
- A large majority of Sole Source contracts are Service Contracts. These Sole Source Service Contracts are
 overwhelmingly awarded to Other (non-Inuit and non-Nunavut) companies. Typically these are specialized services
 not available in Nunavut.
- On average, over the three (3) years of this report, 4% of the volume for Sole Source contracts are awarded to Inuit Firms, 2.3% to Nunavut Firms and 94% to Other Firms.
- A fourteen (14) year trend indicates that the majority of Sole Source contracts awarded to "Other" firms are for Consulting Services and Service Contracts.

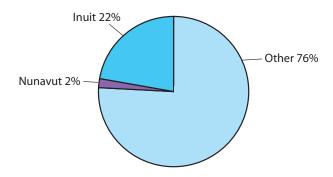
Summary

1. All Contracts

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of All Contracts Awarded by Status Category Based on Value" totals all contracts by value and status category.

"All Contracts" includes all contracts in excess of \$5,000. The introduction of a \$5,000 threshold for reporting purposes is consistent with recommendations provided by Members of the Legislative Assembly. This section examines the value and volume of all contracts awarded to Inuit, Nunavut and Other.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of All Contracts Awarded by Status Category
Based on Value
2019/20



The pie chart above and table below illustrate the value of contracts awarded to Inuit, Nunavut and Other firms.

In 2019/20 the total value for all contracts was, \$558,254,000 (rounded to the nearest thousand dollars). \$122,003,000 was awarded to Inuit (22%), \$10,333,000 to Nunavut (2%) and \$425,918,000 to Other (76%). For the purposes of this report, companies with both Inuit and Nunavut status are included in Inuit.

Distribution of All Contracts Awarded by Status Category – Based on Value (Thousands)

Year	Award	Awarded		Inuit		⁄ut	Otl	Other	
2019/20	\$558,254	100%	\$122,003	22%	\$10,333	2%	\$425,918	76%	
2018/19	\$549,725	100%	\$267,138	49%	\$7,665	1%	\$274,922	50%	
2017/18	\$539,356	100%	\$251,901	47%	\$6,053	1%	\$281,402	52%	

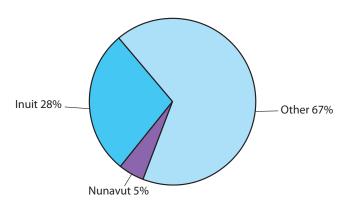
The Other status category in the table above, captures all other entities that for a variety of reasons do not fall within the status categories of Inuit and Nunavut; as is the case for many of these contracts awarded to Nunavut based individuals and entities.

If we exclude contracts awarded to sole proprietorships/individuals, residential care and treatment facilities and health care providers, hamlets, municipal corporations, and related entities such as QEC, we find that a significant number of the contracts awarded to entities that fall within the Other category represent business sectors in the Nunavut economy which are at a competitive disadvantage, or are otherwise underdeveloped. In some cases we find that the Nunavut economy has insufficient volume to develop and maintain a successful business sector or industry. Challenges to successful entry and growth in some business sectors include the limited local market demand in Nunavut for a relatively small and widely distributed population, transportation costs in this vast geography, sufficient critical mass in skilled labour, trades and professionals and infrastructure, delivery and/or sale volumes relative to initialization, and set up costs coupled with high operating costs of business operations. Such an operating environment and market conditions can, in certain business sectors, create significant challenges for Nunavut's entrepreneurs.

The Other category may also be viewed as possessing some underdeveloped market opportunity within Nunavut for Nunavut's entrepreneurs particularly in professional services and health care. Some of the general categories of goods and services consumed by government that fall within the Other category include: Informatics and Systems, Software, Education Books, Training Aids, Engineering and Architectural Service Firms and Specialized Training and Consulting. Because the local market place cannot satisfy the needs, often these types of contracts are Sole Sourced. A listing of contracts awarded by Government of Nunavut is reported annually in the report entitled the **Procurement Activity Report.**

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of All Contracts Awarded by Status Category – Based on Volume" totals all contracts by volume and status category.

Government of Nunavut Distribution of All Contracts Awarded by Status Category Based on Volume 2019/20



Distribution of All Contracts Awarded by Status Category - Based on Volume

Year	Awarded	Inuit	Nunavut	Other
2019/20	2,256 100%	629 28%	112 5%	1,515 67%
2018/19	2,745 100	793 29	92 3	1,860 68
2017/18	2,563 100	706 28	65 3	1,792 70

The pie chart and table above illustrate the volume (number) of contracts awarded to Inuit, Nunavut and Other firms.

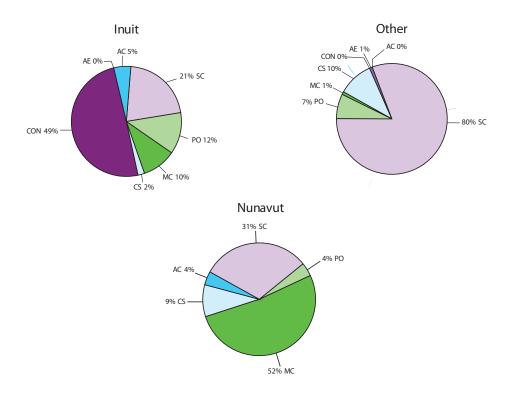
In 2019/20 the total volume for all contracts was 2256. Inuit were awarded 629 or 28%, 112 were awarded to Nunavut (5%) and 1515 went to Other (67%). These values reflect a 18% decrease in the number of contracts issued. The volume of contracts awarded to "Other" decreased by 19%.

A three (3) year average shows Inuit and Nunavut firms win an average 41% of the volume of contracts, and Others win 59% of the volume.

From 2009/10 to 2014/15, we saw an overall slow but steady increase in the overall percentage of the number of contracts to "Other" and a slow decrease to "Inuit" and "Nunavut". However in 2015/16, that trend had reversed. In 2016/17 to 2018/19, the trend of increased percentage to "Other" has decreased. These trends have stopped in 2019/20.

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts Awarded by Type Based on Value" summarizes the distribution of contract types awarded to Inuit, Nunavut, and Other by value.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts Awarded by Type
Based on Value
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts Awarded by Type – Based on Value

2019/20 (Thousands)

Type	Aw	Awarded		uit	Nunav	Nunavut		
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 7,981	1%	\$ 5,948	75%	\$ 448	6%	\$ 1,585	20%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	5,163	1	14	-	-	-	5,149	100
Construction (CON)	61,811	11	60,241	97	-	-	1,570	3
Consulting services (CS)	46,342	8	2,613	6	913	2	42,816	92
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	21,526	4	12,804	59	5,327	25	3,395	16
Purchase Orders (PO)	45,325	8	14,859	33	454	1	30,012	66
Service Contracts (SC)	370,106	66	25,524	7	3,191	1	341,391	92
Total	\$558,254	100%	\$122,003	22%	\$10,333	2%	\$425,918	76%

2018/19 (Thousands)

Type	Awarded		Inuit		Nui	navut	Other		
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 5,577	1%	\$ 3,547	64%	\$ 922	17%	\$ 1,108	20%	
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	25,585	5	-	-	-	-	25,585	100	
Construction (CON)	130,325	24	129,343	99	982	1	-	-	
Consulting Services (CS)	82,393	15	2,041	2	532	1	79,820	97	
Minor Construction or									
Maintenance Services (MC)	13,604	2	8,274	61	1,665	12	3,665	27	
Purchase Orders (PO)	41,029	7	18,022	44	637	2	22,370	55	
Service Contracts (SC)	251,212	46	105,911	42	2,927	1	142,374	57	
Total	\$ 549,725	100%	\$267,138	49%	\$ 7,665	1%	\$274,922	50%	

2017/18 (Thousands)

Type	Awa	rded	Inuit		Nun	avut	Other		
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 6,466	1%	\$ 6,099	94%	\$ 173	3%	\$ 194	3%	
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	3,082	1	-	-	63	2	3,019	98	
Construction (CON)	101,062	19	60,255	60	155	-	40,652	40	
Consulting services (CS)	80,647	15	4,741	6	720	1	75,186	93	
Minor Construction or									
Maintenance Services (MC)	22,905	4	11,875	52	3,146	14	7,884	34	
Purchase Orders (PO)	38,676	7	13,976	36	218	1	24,482	63	
Service Contracts (SC)	286,520	53	154,957	54	1,579	1	129,984	45	
Total	\$ 539,358	100%	\$ 251,903	47%	\$ 6,054	1%	\$281,401	52%	

This sub-section analyses the distribution of the seven (7) main Contract Types in use at the GN, by value to Inuit, Nunavut and Other. The tables indicate the values of each contract type. The pie charts in the previous section illustrate the distribution of contract dollars to Inuit, Nunavut and Other for each contract type. For example, in 2019/20, of the total \$558,254,000 contracts awarded, \$122,003,000 was awarded to Inuit companies. This represents 22% of the value of contracts awarded. Nunavut Firms were awarded \$10,333,000 or 2% and Other Firms were awarded \$425,918,000 or 76%.

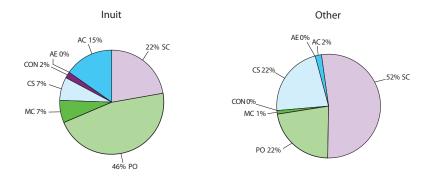
Inuit and Nunavut companies, in general, are awarded the majority of the volume of Air Charter contracts (91%); this represents 80% of the Air Charter contract value in 2019/20.

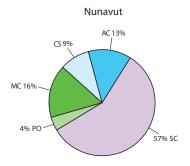
Inuit and Nunavut firms generally win a greater volume of Minor and Major Construction contracts. This represents a eleven (11) year trend.

The tables above indicate that the total value of contracts increased by 1.6% in 2019/20 and the value of contracts to Other increased by 26%, and the value to Inuit decreased by 27%.

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts Awarded by Type – Based on Volume" illustrates the distribution of contracts awarded by volume.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts Awarded by Type
Based on Volume
2019/20





Distribution of Contracts Awarded by Type – Based on Volume 2019/20

Type	Awarded		In	Inuit		Nunavut		Other	
Air Charter (AC)	142	6%	97	68%	15	11%	30	21%	
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	8	-	1	13	-	-	7	88	
Construction (CON)	19	1	14	74	-	-	5	26	
Consulting services (CS)	382	17	45	12	10	3	327	86	
Minor Construction or									
Maintenance Services (MC)	74	3	43	58	18	24	13	18	
Purchase Orders (PO)	633	28	289	46	5	1	339	54	
Service Contracts (SC)	998	44	140	14	64	6	794	80	
Total	2,256	100%	629	28%	112	5%	1,515	67%	

2018/19

Туре	Awa	arded	Inuit		Nunavut		C	ther
Air Charter (AC)	131	5%	94	72%	25	19%	12	9%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	19	1	-	-	-	-	19	100
Construction (CON)	16	1	14	88	2	13	-	-
Consulting services (CS)	742	27	54	7	11	1	677	91
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	62	2	37	60	5	8	20	32
Purchase Orders (PO)	794	29	409	52	8	1	377	47
Service Contracts (SC)	981	36	185	19	41	4	755	77
Total	2,745	100%	793	29%	92	3%	1,860	68%

2017/18

Туре	Awa	arded	I	Inuit		Nunavut		Other
Air Charter (AC)	135	5%	128	95%	2	1%	5	4%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	29	1	-	-	2	7	27	93
Construction (CON)	15	1	10	67	1	7	4	27
Consulting services (CS)	687	27	103	15	11	2	573	83
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	101	4	49	49	14	14	38	38
Purchase Orders (PO)	735	29	343	47	5	1	387	53
Service Contracts (SC)	861	34	73	8	30	3	758	88
Total	2,563	100%	706	28%	65	3%	1,792	70%

This sub-section analyses the volume distribution of the seven (7) main contract types at use at the GN, by volume, to Inuit, Nunavut and Other. The table above indicates the volumes of each contract type. The pie charts illustrate the volume of contracts awarded to Inuit, Nunavut and Other for each contract type.

In 2019/20, Inuit and Nunavut Firms combined won 74% of Construction contracts, 82% of Minor Construction contracts and 79% of Air Charters. These three categories are typically more successful for Inuit and Nunavut Firms. They win the majority of the contracts in these three categories.

In 2019/20, the combined Inuit and Nunavut firms win the lowest share of contracts for Architectural and Engineering (13%), Service contracts (20%) and Consulting Services (15%). This is consistent over the last fourteen (14) years. Generally, Inuit and Nunavut firms are able to compete successfully for Air Charters, Construction, Minor Construction and Purchase Orders for goods.

In 2018/19, Inuit and Nunavut Firms won 32% of all contracts while Other firms won 68%. Inuit and Nunavut Firms are more successful with Air Charters, Construction and Purchase Orders. Other Firms are more successful with Architectural and Engineering Consulting and Service Contracts.

In 2017/18, Inuit and Nunavut firms won 74% of Construction contracts, 63% of Minor Construction contracts and 96% of Air Charters.

For the fourteen (14) year data (from 2006/07 to 2019/20), the volume of contracts to Other firms is between 54-70%. Therefore as the number of contracts overall grows, the ratio of contracts to Other firms versus the combined Inuit and Nunavut remains consistantly above 55%.

A closer look at the contracts awarded to non-Inuit and non-Nunavut firms or the Other category indicates that many of them are for specialized services such as open custody contracts for the Department of Justice, mental health care, specialized residential care, dental care, for the Departments of Health and Family Services and information technology services for Community & Government Services. The numbers in the Other category typically also include contracts signed with the Hamlets for Airport Operations and Maintenance (AOM). Purchase Orders to "Other" include the Territory's annual alcohol supply and fuel re-suppliers – products that are not available for purchase in Nunavut.

2. Contract Types

This section of the report analyses contract types awarded based on three broad value categories:

Contracts $> $5,000 \text{ to} \le $25,000$

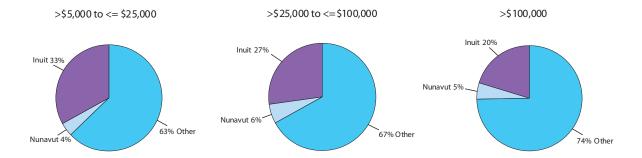
Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000

Contracts > \$100,000.

Each threshold category is first analysed by volume and value and then further broken down by volume and value to Inuit, Nunavut and Other.

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Volume – Including Contracts for Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting values awarded by volume including contracts for goods.

Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Volume Including Contracts for Goods 2019/20



Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Volume – Including Goods 2019/20

Туре	Awarded		In	Inuit		Nunavut		ther
> \$5,000 to <= \$25,000	1,002	44%	329	33%	40	4%	633	63%
> \$25,000 to <= \$100,000	686	30	185	27	42	6	459	67
> \$100,000	568	25	115	20	30	5	423	74
Total	2,256	100%	629	28%	112	5%	1,515	67%

2018/19

Type	Awa	arded	Ir	ıuit	Nunavut	0	ther
> \$5,000 to <= \$25,000	1,200	44%	477	40%	32 3%	691	58%
> \$25,000 to <= \$100,000	892	32	221	25	43 5	628	70
> \$100,000	653	24	95	15	17 3	541	83
Total	2,745	100%	793	29%	92 3%	1,860	68%

2017/18

Type	Aw	arded	In	nuit	Nun	avut	O	ther
> \$5,000 to <= \$25,000	1,126	44%	382	34%	20	2%	724	64%
> \$25,000 to <= \$100,000	889	35	222	25	25	3	642	72
> \$100,000	548	21	102	19	20	4	426	78
Total	2,563	100%	706	28%	65	3%	1,792	70%

The tables above illustrate that the combined Inuit and Nunavut firms are generally able to compete more successfully for contracts under \$25,000. As the value of the contract increases, generally Inuit and Nunavut firms do not win as many contracts. This analysis is true for all of the last thirteen (13) reports.

On average (3 years) the distribution is as follows:

I	nuit/Nunavut	Other
> \$5,000 to <= \$25,000	39%	61%
> \$25,000 to <= \$100,000	30%	70%
> \$100,000	22%	78%

The pie charts and tables above set out the distribution of contracts to Inuit and Nunavut in three (3) dollar value categories. The following are percentages of the number of contracts to Inuit and Nunavut within the dollar thresholds as specified:

- The 2019/20 fiscal year, 44% of the overall volume of contracts were for contracts between \$5,000 and \$25,000; Inuit and Nunavut Firms won 37% of contract volume in this value category. This is down by 6% from last years as a proportionate share.
- 30% of the contracts were in the greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 category; Inuit and Nunavut firms won 33% (Inuit 27% and Nunavut 6%) of contract volume in this value category as a proportionate share.
- 25% of the contracts awarded were contracts valued at greater than \$100,000; Inuit and Nunavut firms won 25% of the volume of these contracts. This is up by 7% from last year.

For the 3 years covered by this report, the volume proportions are relatively consistent:

- contracts > \$5,000 to < \$25,000 represent roughly 44% of contracts.
- contracts between \$25,000 and \$100,000 represent roughly 32% of the total volume.
- contracts worth over \$100,000 represent roughly 23% of the total volume.
- From 2005/06 up until 2014/15, the overall trend over the previous nine (9) years showed that contracts that are in the category of "Other" (Non-Inuit, Non-Nunavut) were winning a greater proportion of the number of contracts. This represents a gain of almost 2% per year in percentage share. However 2015/16, we see a decline of 5% in proportionate share. In 2016/17 we see that the share for "Other" is back up to the 2014/15 levels at 68%. In 2017/18 we see that "Other" is at a twelve (12) year high of 70%. In 2018/19, Other won 68% and in 2019/20, Other won 67%.

Volume of Contracts Awarded

Year	Total	Inuit	%	Nunavut	%	Other	%
2019/20	2256	629	28%	112	5%	1515	67%
2018/19	2745	793	29%	92	3%	1860	68%
2017/18	2563	706	28%	65	3%	1792	70%
2016/17	2450	724	30%	57	2%	1669	68%
2015/16	1978	623	31%	108	5%	1247	63%
2014/15	2002	567	28%	65	3%	1370	68%
2013/14	1909	563	29%	58	3%	1288	67%
2012/13	1814	533	29%	72	4%	1209	67%
2011/12	1880	654	35%	76	4%	1150	61%
2010/11	1822	637	35%	121	7%	1064	58%
2009/10	1783	584	33%	177	10%	1022	57%
2008/09	1520	545	36%	150	10%	826	54%
2007/08	1442	534	37%	112	8%	796	55%
2006/07	1053	410	39%	63	6%	796	76%
14 Year Averages			32%		4%		64%

<u>Value of Contracts Awarded</u> (in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Total	Inuit	Inuit	Nunavut	Nunavut	Other	Other
Year	\$	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
2019/20	558,054	121,807	22%	10,333	2%	245,915	76%
2018/19	549,724	267,138	49%	7,665	1%	274,922	50%
2017/18	539,356	251,901	47%	6,053	1%	281,402	52%
2016/17	376,224	123,095	33%	11,703	3%	241,426	64%
2015/16	399,164	196,375	49%	11,241	3%	191,548	48%
2014/15	288,944	92,682	32%	11,487	4%	184,775	64%
2013/14	351,989	140,119	40%	36,187	10%	175,683	50%
2012/13	352,624	154,235	44%	34,435	10%	163,954	46%
2011/12	297,132	127,575	43%	12,176	4%	157,381	53%
2010/11	271,132	92,566	34%	18,553	7%	160,013	59%
2009/10	236,972	85,895	36%	23,825	10%	127,252	54%
2008/09	269,411	99,674	37%	18,660	7%	151,077	56%
2007/08	193,317	59,395	31%	16,371	8%	117,551	61%
2006/07	138,019	67,559	49%	8,347	6%	62,113	45%

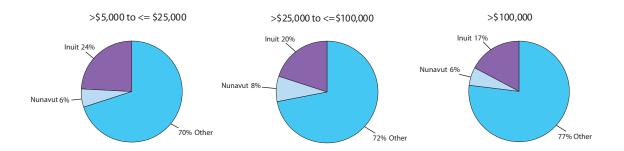
14 Year Averages 39% 5.4% 55.6%
The fourteen (14) year averages show that Invit Firms win 22% of the volume and 20% of the value of all contracts.

The fourteen (14) year averages show that Inuit Firms win 32% of the volume and 39% of the value of all contracts. Nunavut Firms win 4% of the volume and 5.4% of the value of all contracts. Other Firms win 55.6% of the volume and 54% of the value of all contracts.

Analysis Excluding Contracts for Goods

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Volume – Excluding Contracts for Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting values awarded by volume excluding contracts for goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Volume
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Volume – Excluding Goods

2019/20

Type	Aw	arded	In	uit	Nuna	avut	Ot	her
> \$5,000 to <= \$25,000	645	40%	155	24%	38	6%	452	70%
> \$25,000 to <= \$100,000	513	32	104	20	41	8	368	72
> \$100,000	465	29	81	17	28	6	356	77
Total	1,623	100%	340	21%	107	7%	1,176	72%

2018/19

Type	Aw	arded	In	nuit	Nuna	avut	Ot	her
> \$5,000 to <= \$25,000	699	36%	215	31%	30	4%	454	65%
> \$25,000 to <= \$100,000	676	35	108	16	39	6	529	78
> \$100,000	576	30	61	11	15	3	500	87
Total	1,951	100%	384	20%	84	4%	1,483	76%

2017/18

Type	Aw	arded	In	uit	Nunavut	01	ther
> \$5,000 to <= \$25,000	649	36%	158	24%	17 3%	474	73%
> \$25,000 to <= \$100,000	697	38	122	18	24 3	551	79
> \$100,000	482	26	83	17	19 4	380	79
Total	1,828	100%	363	20%	60 3%	1,405	77%

In 2019/20, when Goods contracts are removed, the number of contracts less than \$25,000 decreases by approximately 37%. The number of contracts between \$25,000 and \$100,000 decreases by approximately 25%. The number of contracts over \$100,000 decreases by only 18%.

In the pie charts above we examine the number of contracts excluding goods. In 2019/20, contracts for goods alone represents a volume of 633 or 28% of all contracts, 357 between \$5001 \$25,000 or (16%) and 173 for \$25,000 \$100,000 (8%) and 103 greater than \$100,000 (5%).

Impact Inuit Firms, with goods contracts removed, Proportionate Share

- The percentage of contracts awarded to Inuit Firms has a relative decrease of 7% overall when goods contracts are removed.
- The percentage of contracts > \$5,000 to <= \$25,000 awarded to Inuit Firms decreases by 9% when goods contracts are removed.
- Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 awarded to Inuit firms decrease by 7%.
- Contracts > \$100,000 awarded to Inuit Firms decreased by 3%, without goods contracts.

Impact on Nunavut Businesses, with goods contracts removed

- The percentage of contracts awarded to Nunavut Firms has a relative increase of 2% when goods contracts are removed.
- The percentage of contracts > \$5,000 to <= \$25,000 Awarded to Nunavut Firms in this value threshold increased by 2% with goods contracts removed.
- Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 Awarded to Nunavut Firms increases by 2% with goods contracts removed.
- Contracts > \$100,000 Awarded to Nunavut Firms increased by 1% with goods contracts removed.

Impact on Other Businesses, with goods contracts removed

- The percentage of contracts awarded to Other Firms has a relative increase of 5% when goods contracts are removed.
- Percentage of contracts > \$5,000 to <= \$25,000 Awarded to Other Firms increased by 7%.
- Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 Awarded to Other firms increases by 5%.
- Contracts > \$100,000 Awarded to Other Firms increases by 3%.

For the last thirteen (13) years, we can make a general observation that when we remove the volume of goods contracts from the total volume of contracts, Inuit firms receive a lower percentage of contracts, Other firms receive a greater percentage of contracts.

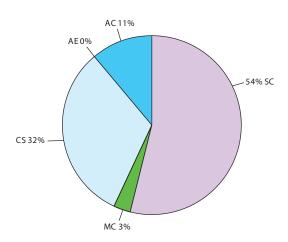
Generally, Inuit and Nunavut firms (especially Inuit firms) win a greater percentage share of contracts when goods are included in the contract statistics therefore, we can conclude that Inuit and Nunavut firms are able to compete better for goods contracts rather than Consulting contracts.

Analysis by Contract Type

Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000: Value by Type

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Value – For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 – Excluding Contracts for Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting type by value for contracts greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 excluding contracts for goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Value
For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Value For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 – Excluding Goods (Thousands)

Type	20	19/20	20	18/19	2017/18	
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 3,136	11%	\$2,839	7%	\$2,808	7%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	119	-	124	-	820	2
Consulting services (CS)	8,921	32	19,105	50	16,728	44
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	717	3	1,206	3	1,820	5
Service Contracts (SC)	14,839	54	14,847	39	15,594	41
Total	\$27,732	100%	\$38,121	100%	\$37,770	100%

The table above represents the distribution of contracts by type for those in the range of \$25-100K value, excluding goods.

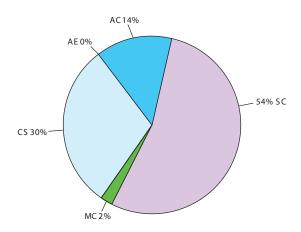
We can make some general conclusions over the last ten (10) years for contracts valued from \$25,000 to \$100,000.

- Air Charters compose roughly 7-11% of the total value.
- Architectural and Engineering compose roughly 0-5% of the total value.
- It is difficult to find a pattern for Service Contracts and Consulting Services. They are often used interchangeably. Combined they compose 75-86%.

Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000: Volume by Type

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Volume – For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 – Excluding Contracts for Goods" illustrates the distribution of contracting type by volume for contracts greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 excluding contracts for goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Volume
For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



Distribution of Contract Values Awarded – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

Туре	20	19/20	2018/19		8/19 20		
Air Charter (AC)	70	14%	60	9%	60	9%	
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	2	-	2	-	15	2	
Construction (CON)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Consulting services (CS)	154	30	327	48	306	44	
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	9	2	18	3	32	5	
Service Contracts (SC)	278	54	269	40	284	41	
Total	513	100%	676	100%	697	100%	

The table above indicates the distribution of contracts by type and volume, excluding goods.

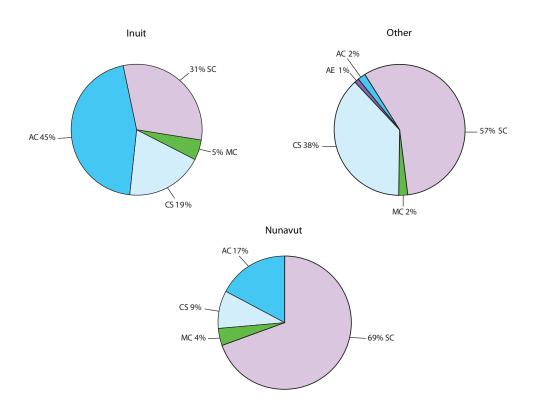
We can make some general conclusions over the last ten (10) years for contracts from \$25,000 to \$100,000:

- Air Charters compose 7-14% of the volume
- Architectural and Engineering compose 0-3% of the volume
- Major Construction composes 0-1% of the volume
- Minor Construction composes 2-10% of the volume
- Service Contracts combined with Consulting Services range 75-88%
- For Consulting Services, the reporting is not always consistent. This category often gets recorded as Service Contracts.

Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000: Value: Status

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Status Category and Type Based on Value – For Contracts > \$25,000 to <=\$100,000 – Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting by status and Type by value for contracts greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 excluding contracts for goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Type within Status
Category Based on Value
For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



This section looks at contracts greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 excluding Purchase Order contracts. The pie charts and tables illustrate the distribution of awards to Inuit, Nunavut and Other firms by contract type. This chart shows that Inuit firms do not win many contracts for Architectural and Engineering in this dollar threshold. This is consistent for the last eleven (11) years.

In 2019/20, combined Inuit and Nunavut firms won 49% of Minor Construction and Maintenance Services. It had been fairly consistant over the previous nine (9) years that Inuit and Nunavut firms win a high proportionate share of these contracts. Inuit and Nunavut firms won 80% of the value of Minor Construction and Maintenance Services contracts in 2014/15 and in 2015/16, they won 75%. The 52% in 2017/18 is a relatively low value by comparison and breaks an eight (8) year pattern. In 2019/20, we see that 49% is also a relatively low percentage share.

Distribution of Contracts by Type and Status Category – Based on Value For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

2019/20 (Thousands)

Type	Awarded	ded Inuit Nunavut		avut	Oth	ner	
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 3,137	\$ 2,258	72%	\$ 380	12%	\$ 499	16%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	119	-	-	-	-	119	100
Consulting services (CS)	8,921	969	11	193	2	7,759	87
Minor Construction or							
Maintenance Services (MC)	717	261	36	94	13	362	50
Service Contracts (SC)	14,839	1,568	11	1,509	10	11,762	79
Total	\$ 27,733	\$5,056	18%	\$2,176	8%	\$20,501	74%

2018/19 (Thousands)

Туре	Awarded	Inuit Nunavut		Other
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 2,838	\$2,168 76%	\$ 507 18%	\$ 163 6%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	124			124 100
Consulting services (CS)	19,105	994 5	144 1	17,967 94
Minor Construction or				·
Maintenance Services (MC)	1,207	862 71	67 6	278 23
Service Contracts (SC)	14,847	1,610 11	1,186 8	12,051 81
Total	\$38,121	\$5,634 15%	\$1,904 5%	\$30,583 80%

2017/18 (Thousands)

Туре	Awarded	Inuit		Nuna	avut	Oth	Other		
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 2,808	\$2,631	94%	\$ -	-%	\$ 177	6%		
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	820	-	-	38	5	782	95		
Consulting services (CS)	16,727	1,374	8	297	2	15,056	90		
Minor Construction or									
Maintenance Services (MC)	1,820	789	43	171	9	860	47		
Service Contracts (SC)	15,594	1,005	6	662	4	13,927	89		
Total	\$37,769	\$5,799	15%	\$1,168	3%	\$30,802	82%		

The twelve (12) year trend indicates that contracts awarded to "Other" firms are largely composed of Architectural/Engineering, Consulting Services and Service Contracts. Inuit firms do better in Air Charters and Minor Construction or Maintenance Services.

Analysis of all 2019/20 contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000, excluding goods – based on value

For contracts in this range, in 2019/20, 18% of the total value was awarded to Inuit firms and 8% was awarded to Nunavut Businesses. The remaining 74% was awarded to firms that are not registered with NTI or the GN under the NNI Regulations. This is not to say that the firms in the Other category are all based outside of Nunavut. On the contrary, many Nunavut based companies do not register. Furthermore, individuals, hamlets, societies and other entities do not register because of the nature of their business. For example, hamlets can not register under the NNI for a bid adjustment. Also, individuals must be registered as a company before they can register for NNI or NTI status.

Inuit Firms

For the last three (3) years, the value of contracts to Inuit firms has moved from 15% in 2016/17 and 2018/19 and to 18% in 2019/20. These fluxuations have had a corresponding increase to "Nunavut" and "Other" firms.

Nunavut Firms

The proportionate share of the value of contracts to Nunavut Businesses went from 3% in 2017/18 to 5% in 2018/19, and 8% in 2019/20. Nunavut businesses that also have Inuit Firm Status are included in Inuit.

Other

Over the last 3 years the proportionate share of the value of contracts to Other firms has decreased from 82% to 74%.

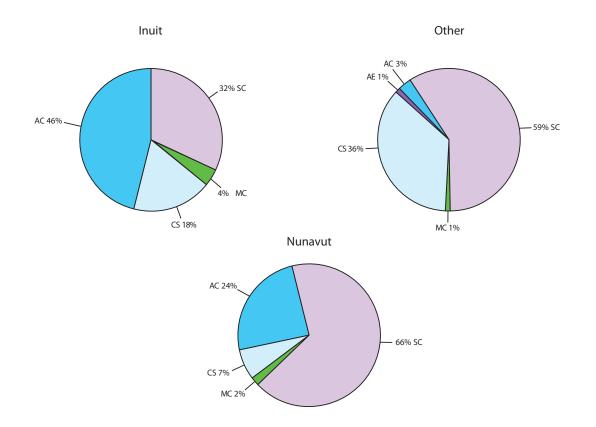
A three year average shows the following proportionate share.

- Inuit -16%
- Nunavut 5%
- Other 79%

Contracts > \$25,000 and <= \$100,000 Volume - Status

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Status Category and Type Based on Volume – For Contracts > \$25,000 and <= \$100,000 – Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting status category by volume for contracts greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 excluding goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Status Category and Type – Based on Volume
For Contracts > \$25,000 and <= \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts By Status Category and Type – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$25,000 and <= \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

2019/20

Type	Awa	arded	I	nuit	Nu	navut	0	ther
Air Charter (AC)	70	14%	48	69%	10	14%	12	17%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	100
Consulting services (CS)	154	30	19	12	3	2	132	86
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	9	2	4	44	1	11	4	44
Service Contracts (SC)	278	54	33	12	27	10	218	78
Total	513	100%	104	20%	41	8%	368	72%

2018/19

Type	Awa	arded	I	nuit	Nu	navut	0	ther
Air Charter (AC)	60	9%	45	75%	13	22%	2	3%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	100
Consulting services (CS)	327	48	16	5	3	1	308	94
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	18	3	12	67	1	6	5	28
Service Contracts (SC)	269	40	35	13	22	8	212	79
Total	676	100%	108	16%	39	6%	529	78%

2017/18

Type	Awa	arded	I	nuit	Nu	navut	0	ther
Air Charter (AC)	60	9%	56	93%	-	-%	4	7%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	15	2	-	-	1	7	14	93
Consulting services (CS)	306	44	32	10	6	2	268	88
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	32	5	13	41	3	9	16	50
Service Contracts (SC)	284	41	21	7	14	5	249	88
Total	697	100%	122	18%	24	3%	551	79%

The pie charts on the previous page show the percentage of contracts awarded by type amongst the status categories.

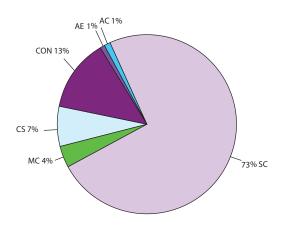
The proportionate share of contracts to Inuit firms over the last three years averages at 18%. However, in a twelve year analysis we see a decrease from a 31% high in 2007/08.

The proportionate share of contracts to Nunavut firms averages around 6%. The proportionate share of contracts to Other firms averages around 76%.

Contracts > \$100,000 Value, Type

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Value – For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Contracts for Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting type by value for contracts greater than \$100,000 excluding contracts for goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Value
For Contracts > \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts By Type – Based on Value For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods (Thousands)

Type	201	9/20	2018	/19	2017	//18
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 4,089	1%	\$ 1,920	- %	\$ 2,843	1%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	5,005	1	25,359	5	2,129	-
Construction (CON)	61,811	13	130,325	28	101,061	22
Consulting services (CS)	35,748	7	60,639	13	61,032	13
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	20,774	4	12,356	3	20,989	5
Service Contracts (SC)	349,264	73	230,540	50	266,084	59
Total	\$ 476,691	100%	\$ 461,139	100%	\$ 454,138	100%

This section looks at contracts greater than \$100,000 excluding Purchase Order contracts. The pie chart and table above illustrate the distribution of contract dollars by type.

The small percentage of Air Charters and Architectural/Engineering contracts is indicative of the typically lower values of these types of contracts.

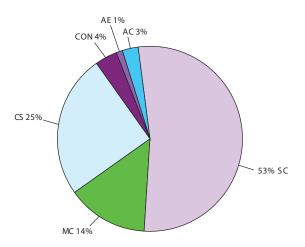
Over the last seven (7) years Architectural and Engineering, Consulting Services and Minor Construction have remained at consistent low levels of proportionate share of the total value of contracts greater than \$100,000. Multi-year Maintenance contracts tend to exceed \$100,000 and the threshold value for Minor Construction is \$250,000. Major Construction fluctuates with Capital funding cycles and generally those contracts take two (2) years to complete.

The list of individual contracts can be found in the 2019/20 Procurement Activity Report, Appendix C.

Contracts > \$100,000 Volume, Type

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Contracts for Goods" illustrates the distribution of contracting type by volume for contracts greater than \$100,000 excluding contracts for goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Type – Based on Volume
For Contracts > \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts By Type – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

Туре	201	19/20	2018/19	2017/18	
Air Charter (AC)	15	3%	10 2%	17	4%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	4	1	10 2	5	1
Construction (CON)	19	4	16 3	15	3
Consulting services (CS)	117	25	232 40	180	37
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	63	14	41 7	62	13
Service Contracts (SC)	247	53	267 46	203	42
Total	465	100%	576 100%	482	100%

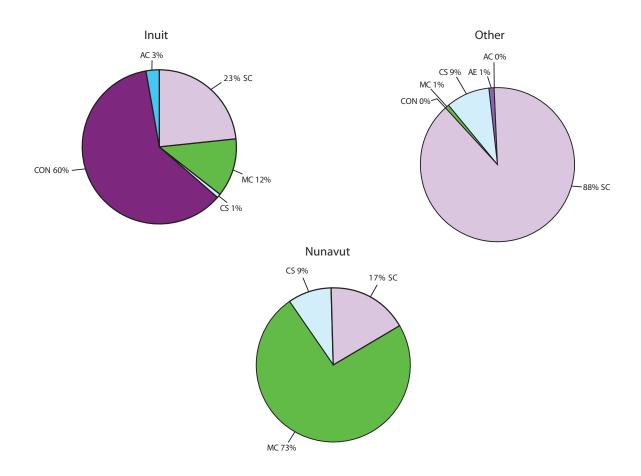
This section looks at the volume of contracts greater than \$100,000 excluding Purchase Order contracts.

Approximately 78% of the combined volume of contracts in this value threshold are for Service Contracts and Consulting Services. Service Contracts have made up a majority of the volume in this category for the past eleven (11) years. Note that Consulting and Service Contracts are sometimes reported interchangably, therefore a decrease in Service Contracts and an increase in Consulting Contracts could mean status quo.

Contracts > \$100,000 Value - Category

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Status Category – Based on Value – For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting by status category by value for contracts greater than \$100,000 excluding goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Status Category – Based on Value
For Contracts > \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



The pie charts above illustrate the distribution of contract awards by type within the Inuit, Nunavut and Other status categories.

Distribution of Contracts by Status Category and Type – Based on Value For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

2019/20 (Thousands)

Туре	Award	led	Inuit		Nu	navut	(Other
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 4,089	1%	\$ 3,135	77%	\$ -	-%	\$ 954	23%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	5,005	1	-	-	-	-	5,005	100
Construction (CON)	61,811	13	60,241	97	-	-	1,570	3
Consulting services (CS)	35,748	7	1,391	4	659	2	33,698	94
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	20,774	4	12,508	60	5,234	25	3,032	15
Service Contracts (SC)	349,263	73	22,914	7	1,250	-	325,099	93
Total	\$476,690	100%	\$100,189	21%	\$7,143	1%	\$369,358	77%

2018/19 (Thousands)

Type	Awar	ded	Inui	t	Nunavut	Other
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 1,920	-%	\$ 777	40%	\$ 280 15%	\$ 863 45%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	25,359	5	-	-		25,359 100
Construction	130,325	28	129,343	99	982 1	
Consulting services (CS)	60,639	13	578	1	295 -	59,766 99
Minor Construction or						
Maintenance Services (MC)	12,357	3	7,402	60	1,586 13	3,369 27
Service Contracts (SC)	230,540	50	102,537	44	1,568 1	126,435 55
Total	\$461,140	100%	\$240,637	52%	\$4,711 1%	\$215,792 47%

2017/18 (Thousands)

Type	Awar	ded	Inuit	t	Nunavut	()ther
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 2,843	1%	\$ 2,676	94%	\$ 167 6%	\$ -	-%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	2,129	-	-	-		2,129	100
Construction	101,062	22	60,255	60	155 -	40,652	40
Consulting services (CS)	61,032	13	2,602	4	400 1	58,030	95
Minor Construction or							
Maintenance Services (MC)	20,988	5	11,017	52	2,963 14	7,008	33
Service Contracts (SC)	266,085	59	153,478	58	741 -	111,866	42
Total	\$454,139	100%	\$230,028	51%	\$4,426 1%	\$219,685	48%

For the 2019/20 year, as a percentage of total contracts, the value of contracts to Inuit decreased by 31%. In pure dollar terms this represents a 240% decrease in the value of contracts to Inuit firms. The value to Nunavut businesses remained at 1% in proportionate share. The percentage of the value to "Other" increased by 31%.

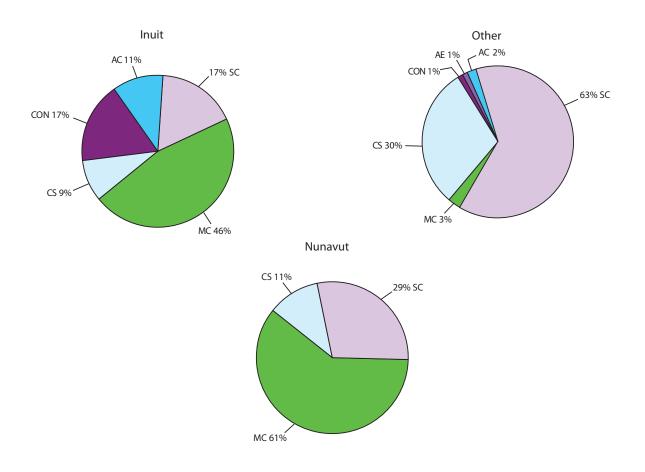
Over the past three (3) years of this report, we see that the value of the contracts in this range has increased by 5% overall. The value to Inuit firms has decreased by 156%, and to Nunavut firms a increase of 61% and an increase to Other firms of 68%.

A detailed list of contract awards can be found in the 2019/20 Procurement Activity Report (PAR) Appendix C.

Contracts > \$100,000 Volume - Status

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts by Status Category – Based on Volume – For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracting status category by volume for contracts greater than \$100,000 excluding goods.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts by Status Category – Based on Volume
For Contracts > \$100,000
Excluding Contracts for Goods
2019/20



Distribution of Contract By Status Category and Type – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

2019/20

Type	Aw	arded]	Inuit	N	unavut	(Other
Air Charter (AC)	15	3%	9	60%	-	-%	6	40%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	4	1	-	-	-	-	4	100
Construction (CON)	19	4	14	74	-	-	5	26
Consulting services (CS)	117	25	7	6	3	3	107	91
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	63	14	37	59	17	27	9	14
Service Contracts (SC)	247	53	14	6	8	3	225	91
Total	465	100%	81	17%	28	6%	356	77%

2018/19

Type	Aw	arded	Iı	nuit	N	unavut	(Other
Air Charter (AC)	10	2%	5	50%	2	20%	3	30%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	10	2	-	-	-	-	10	100
Construction	16	3	14	88	2	13	-	-
Consulting services (CS)	232	40	4	2	2	1	226	97
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	41	7	24	59	3	7	14	34
Service Contracts (SC)	267	46	14	5	6	2	247	93
Total	576	100%	61	11%	15	3%	500	87%

2017/18

Type	Aw	arded	I	nuit	Nı	unavut	(Other
Air Charter (AC)	17	4%	16	94%	1	6%	-	-%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	5	1	-	-	-	-	5	100
Construction	15	3	10	67	1	7	4	27
Consulting services (CS)	180	37	9	5	3	2	168	93
Minor Construction or								
Maintenance Services (MC)	62	13	31	50	10	16	21	34
Service Contracts (SC)	203	42	17	8	4	2	182	90
Total	482	100%	83	17%	19	4%	380	79%

Service Contracts represent the largest single portion of the contracts in this category. This has been consistant over the past eight (8) years of this report.

For the fiscal year 2019/20, as a percentage of the total contracts, the volume of contracts awarded to Inuit firms increased by 6%. The volume of contracts to Nunavut firms increased by 3%. The volume of contracts to Other decreased by 10%.

For the fiscal year 2018/19, as a percentage of total contracts, the volume of contracts to Inuit contractors decreased by 6% and the volume to Nunavut firms decreased by 1%. The volume of contracts to Other increased by 8%.

For the fiscal year 2017/18, as a percentage of total contracts, the volume of contracts to Inuit contractors increased by 1% and the volume to Nunavut firms decreased by 1%. The volume of contracts to Other remained unchanged.

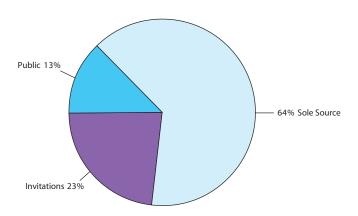
We can see a pattern for the volume of contracts in this category. Inuit firms win an average 18% of these contracts, Nunavut firms win 5% of these contracts and Other firms win 77% of the volume of these contracts. See chart below that outlines the percentage share for the past eleven (11) years.

Year	Inuit	Nunavut	Other
2019/20	17%	6%	77%
2018/19	11%	3%	87%
2017/18	17%	4%	79%
2016/17	16%	5%	79%
2015/16	19%	6%	76%
2014/15	20%	3%	77%
2013/14	23%	6%	71%
2012/13	14%	6%	80%
2011/12	25%	6%	69%
2010/11	20%	5%	75%
2009/10	19%	8%	73%

3. Contracting Methods

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 by Contract Method" summarizes the distribution of contracting methods – Based on Value excluding goods contracts, contracts extended from previous years and contracts awarded under Standing Offer Agreements.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
By Contract Method – Based on Value
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 by Contract Method - Based on Value (Thousands)

Year	Awarded	Public	Invitations	Sole Source	
2019/20	\$8,715	\$1,116 13%	\$1,994 23%	\$5,605 64%	
2018/19	11,201	1,241 11	2,596 23	7,364 66	
2017/18	12,809	1,923 15	2,942 23	7,944 62	

Contracts are entered into as a result of competitive or non-competitive Request for Tenders or Requests for Proposals. Competitive means asking more than one firm to respond; this is done by Invitation or by Public Advertisement. Non Competitive means asking only one firm to submit a tender or proposal; this is more commonly known as a 'Sole' or 'Single' Sourcing. The Value and Volume of Sole Sources are further analysed later on in this section.

In 2019/20, of a total contract value of \$8,715,000 (rounded to the nearest thousand) \$3,114,000 resulted from Public or Invitational Requests for Tenders or Proposals (36%) and \$5,605,000 resulted from Sole Sources (64%).

In 2018/19, of the total contract value of \$11,201,000 (rounded to the nearest thousand), \$3,837,000 resulted from Public or Invitational Request for Tenders or Proposals (44%) and \$7,369,000 resulted from Sole Sources (66%).

In 2017/18, of a total contract value of \$12,809,000 (rounded to the nearest thousand), \$4,865,000 resulted from Public or Invitational Requests for Tenders or Proposals (38%) and \$7,944,000 resulted from Sole Sources (62%).

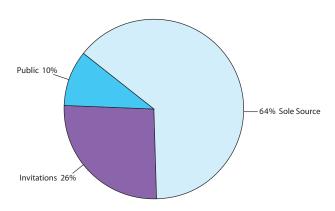
Under GN Procurement Policies, Public Tenders and Requests for Proposals (RFP's) are required for all goods and services over \$25,000 and Construction over \$100,000. Invitational Tenders are completed for goods and services over \$5,000 but less than \$25,000. This also includes Architectural/Engineering and Construction under \$100,000.

In the category of contracts between \$25,000 and \$100,000, we see that over the last three (3) years, the value of proportionate share of Sole Source contracts has increased in proportionate share by 2%. In real dollars this represents a 29% decrease.

Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000: Method

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 by Contract Method" summarizes the distribution of contracting methods – Based on Volume excluding goods contracts, contracts extended from previous years and contracts awarded under Standing Offer Agreements.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
By Contract Method – Based on Volume
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts by Contract Method - Based on Volume

Year	Awarded	Public	Invitations	Sole Source
2019/20	154	15 10%	40 26%	99 64%
2018/19	197	17 9	53 27	127 64
2017/18	229	32 14	57 25	140 61

For the fiscal year 2019/20, the percentage volume of Sole Source contracts remained at 64%. In real numbers that represented 28 fewer contracts.

For the fiscal year 2018/19, the percentage volume of Sole Source contracts has increased by 3% proportionate share in this value range. In real numbers, this represents thirteen (13) fewer contracts.

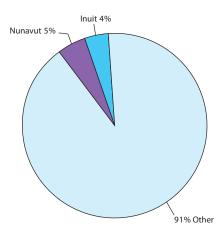
For the fiscal year 2017/18, the percentage share volume of Sole Source contracts increased by 11% from 2016/17. This represents a real increase in the number of Sole Sourced contracts by twenty seven (27) contracts.

Over the last three (3) years of the table above, the volume of Sole Source contracts has decreased by 29% and the proportionate share has increased by 3%.

Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000: Status

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 By Status Category" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category – Based on Value.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
By Status Category – Based on Value
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category – Based on Value (Thousands)

Year	Awarded	Inuit	Nunavut	Other
2019/20	\$5,604	\$244 4%	\$262 5%	\$5,098 91%
2018/19	7,364	403 5	50 1	6,911 94
2017/18	7,943	125 2	185 2	7,633 96

In 2019/20, only 9% of the contract value Sole Sourced was to combine Inuit and Nunavut firms and 91% to Other.

In 2018/19, only 6% of the contract value Sole Sourced were awarded to Inuit/Nunavut firms, 94% was awarded to Other.

In 2017/18, only 4% (same as 2016/17) of the contract value sole sourced were awarded to Inuit/Nunavut firms, 96% was awarded to Other.

On average, over the three (3) years of this report, 4% of Sole Sources go to Inuit firms, 3% to Nunavut firms, and 94% to Other firms.

The trend for the last fourteen (14) years has been that over 90% of the value of contracts Sole Sourced in this contract range are awarded to Non-Inuit and Non-Nunavut firms.

Sole Source Discussion

The Criteria for Sole Sourcing a Contract are set out in Section 4.3 (c) and Section 21 of the Regulations to the NNI Implementation Act. The NNI does not aply to:

a sole sourced Contract for the suppy of goods, services, real property or construction where the Contract Authority resonably believes:

- (i) that the supply thereof is urgently required, and delay would be injurious to the public interest,
- (ii) only one party is available and capable of performing the Contract; or
- (iii) the value of the Contract will not exceed \$25,000 in the case of a Contract for architectural or engineering services, or \$5,000 in the case of any other type of Contract;
- 21.0 Sole Source Contract Awards to Inuit Firms
- 21.1 Taking into account the objectives of the Agreement and subject to the Government Contract Regulations, a Contract Authority may award a Contract to an Inuit Firm without conducting a competitive Procurement Process.
- 21.2 The Government Contract Regulations, where applicable, and the following factors shall be taken into account when deciding to award a sole source Contract under section 21.1:
 - (a) the need to build capacity for Inuit Firms in the region where the Contract will be performed;
 - (b) the extent to which a sole source Contract will contribute to community and regional economic development;
 - (c) the nature and value of the goods or services or construction; and
 - (d) the potential cost implications associated with awarding a Contract without administering a competitive Procurement Process.

As a procurement department, we strive to get the maximum value for the Government of Nunavut. This is only possible through the competitive, public bidding processes. The CGS Procurement section works with departments to help them plan their procurement strategies. We have, where possible, established Standing Offer Agreements with companies for frequently required services. SOA's will help to avoid Sole Source contracting. We also work with departments to determine their management consulting needs, many of which can be satisfied through the establishment of Standing Offer Agreements.

However, there are legitimate instances where a competitive bidding processes is not possible and the situation may fall within one of the Sole Source situations.

Many situations fall within the guidelines of legitimate Sole Source contracting. For example, situations involving patents or intellectual property ownership (such as educational course design and materials or course delivery such as those offered by Nunavut Arctic College) or instances such as the purchase of a particular part or piece of equipment (such as a pump repair for a fuel delivery truck or plow parts for snow clearing). These situations may not necessarily warrant a competitive processes where they are in fact 'Sole Vendor' instances, falling under (b) above.

This is not to say that a 'Sole Vendor' situation applies when purchasing many commodities. In fact, when purchasing vehicles and or other products such as photocopiers and fax machines, etc., the GN must avoid the use of brand specific names. Requests for Tenders and Proposals must always indicate that the GN will accept bids for similar or equivalent products so long as they meet the quality and functional requirements that are established in the request.

Also, in some situations it is not advisable to issue a competitive call for tenders or proposals, by invitation or advertisement. In these situations, the delay caused by the tender or RFP period would be harmful to person(s) or end users of the good or service. These are emergency situations where if the government doesn't act immediately, there will be some form of public harm or injury. For example, in the early summer of 2008 a bridge collapsed in Pangnirtung leaving the community cut off from critical municipal services. This is not to say that all emergencies or public harm is strictly a health and safety hazard. Indeed, many situations call for government action to improve the emotional health and well being of the public as well. In 2011/12 fiscal year the community of Arviat experienced critical water emergencies which required many Sole Source purchases. In 2012/13, the community of Resolute Bay experienced a fuel spill which needed to be dealt with immediately. In the fiscal year 2017/18, the Department of Health required that a tuberculosis (TB) screening and treatment centre be established in Qikiqtarjuaq. This required multiple Sole Source Contracts. In March of 2020, the global COVID-19 pandemic required that isolation hubs needed to be established in Southern Canada. These isolation hubs were established in less than 3 days. Public Tendering for the required service would have taken a minimum of 14 days. The pandemic required an immediate response. Note: Most of the COVID-19 pandemic sole source contracts will be reported in the CAR/PAR reports for the 2020/21 fiscal year.

It should be noted that certain functions and responsibilities that are unique to certain departments lead to a higher propensity for this contracting method. Emergency situations with health and safety considerations or Search and Rescue may produce a need to enter into a contract quickly or limit alternatives or options for supply sources. Urgent situations involving the delivery of capital projects in the environmentally sensitive areas of sewage treatment, solid waste management and potable water have been contributing factors for sole source contracts on occasion. The arctic environment and a short construction season serve to complicate project delivery and contracting options. Good planning and project management practices help to alleviate the necessity to rely on Sole Sourcing, emergencies and accidents can not be planned for and must be dealt with immediately as they arise.

A significant portion of the sole source contracts represent contracts issued for the following:

- · Specialized Residential Care, Department of Health and the Department of Family Services
- · Proprietary Training Courses, including NAC
- Proprietary Software and Maintenance contracts for software
- · Air Search and Rescue
- Emergency response contracts such as search and rescue and fuel spill containment.

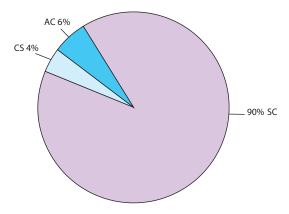
A detailed Sole Source Contract list can be found in the 2019/20 Procurement Activity Report (PAR) Appendix B.

Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to < \$100,000 by Status Category, Value

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 By Status Category Awarded to Other Businesses" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts Awarded to Other Business – Base on Value

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
By Status Category Awarded to Other Businesses

- Based on Value
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts Awarded to Other Businesses – Based on Value (Thousands)

Sole Source - Other Businesses	20)19/20	20)18/19	2017/18		
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 314	6%	\$ -	-%	\$ 69	1%	
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Consulting services (CS)	214	4	1,044	15	1,923	25	
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	-	-	178	3	247	3	
Service Contracts (SC)	4,570	90	5,690	82	5,395	71	
Total	\$5,098	100%	\$6,912	100%	\$7,634	100%	

Over the three years of this report, Sole Source contracts awarded to "Other" have been decreasing in value.

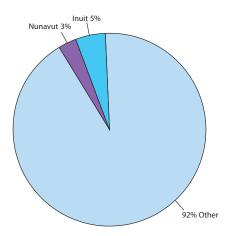
In 2018/19 we see a decrease in Volume of fifteen (15) contracts or 2% relative share and in 2019/20 we see a further decrease of 28 contracts and a 2% relative share decrease.

From the Volume in the tables below from 2017/18 to 2019/20 we see a decrease to Other of 32% or 43 contracts.

Contracts > \$25,000 <= \$100,000, **Status Category**, **Volume**

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 By Status Category" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category – Based on Volume.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
By Status Category – Based on Volume
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category - Based on Volume

Year	Awarded	In	uit	Nun	avut	O	ther
2019/20	99	5	5%	3	3%	91	92%
2018/19	127	7	6	1	1	119	94
2017/18	140	2	1	4	3	134	96

In 2019/20, of the total volume of five hundred and thirteen (513) contracts in the > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 dollar threshold category, ninety-nine (99) were the result of Sole Source awards (19%). Of the ninety-nine (99) Sole Source awards, 92% went to Other. This represents a 2% decrease from 2018/19. This shows a decrease of twenty-eight (28) contracts.

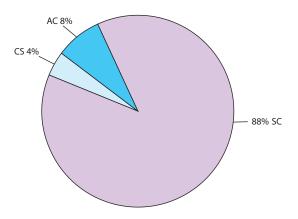
In 2018/19, of the six hundred seventy-six (676) contracts in the > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 dollar threshold category, one hundred twenty-seven (127) or 19% were the result of Sole Source awards. Of the one hundred twenty-seven (127) Sole Source awards, 94% went to "Other".

In 2017/18, of the total volume of six hundred ninety-seven (697) contracts in the > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 dollar threshold category, one hundred forty (140) were the result of Sole Source awards (20%). This represents only 5% of all contracts awarded in 2017/18.

Contracts > \$25,000 <= \$100,000, Status Category, Other, Volume

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 By Status Category Awarded to Other Businesses" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts Awarded to Other Business.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
Awarded to Other Businesses
- Based on Volume
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts Awarded to Other Businesses - Based on Volume

Sole Source – Other Businesses	=		201	2018/19		7/18
Air Charter (AC)	7	8%	-	-%	2	1%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consulting services (CS)	4	4	16	13	30	22
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	-	-	3	3	5	4
Service Contracts (SC)	80	88	100	84	97	72
Total	91	100%	119	100%	134	99%

The volumes and corresponding percents of Sole Source contracts to Other by Contract Type are shown in the table above.

In 2019/20, 92% of Sole Source contracts to Other were Service Contracts and Consulting Services.

In 2018/19, 97% of the volume of Sole Source awards to Other (non-registered) were for two (2) Contract Types: Consulting Services and Service Contracts.

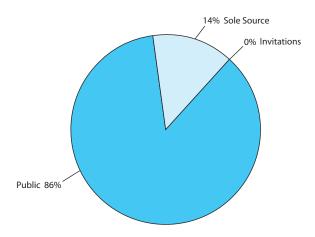
In 2017/18, 94% of Sole Source contracts to Other were Service Contracts and Consulting Services contracts.

The fourteen (14) year trend indicates that the majority of Sole Source contracts awarded to "Other", are for Consulting Services and Service Contracts.

Contracts > \$100,000, Contract Method, Value

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts > \$100,000 by Contract Method" summarizes the distribution of Contracts by Contract Method – Based on Value. For this section, goods contracts and contracts that were extended from previous years are excluded.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts > \$100,000
By Contract Method – Based on Value
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts > \$100,000 by Contract Method – Based on Value (Thousands)

Year	r Awarded Public		Invita	tions	Sole Source		
2019/20	\$428,836	\$367,227	86%	\$1,926	-%	\$59,683	14%
2018/19	347,360	274,578	79	1,569	-	71,213	21
2017/18	340,850	308,783	91	3,732	1	28,335	8

This sub-section provides an analysis of contracts (excluding goods and contracts extended from previous years) by Contracting Method in the greater than \$100,000 value threshold category.

In 2019/20, of the total value of \$428,836,000, Public or Invitational Requests for Tenders or Proposals totaled \$369,153,000 or 86%; and Sole Sources totaled \$59,683,000 or 14%.

In 2018/19, of the total value of \$347,360,000, Public or Invitational Requests for Tenders or Proposals totaled \$276,147,000 or 79%; and Sole Sources totaled \$71,213,000 or 21%.

In 2017/18, of the total value \$340,850,000 Public and Invitational Requests for Tenders or Proposals totaled \$312,515,000 or 92%; and Sole Sources totaled \$28,335 or 8%.

For the three (3) years covered by this report and from the table above we see that Sole Sources in this category have increased by 110% in real dollars for the year 2019/20.

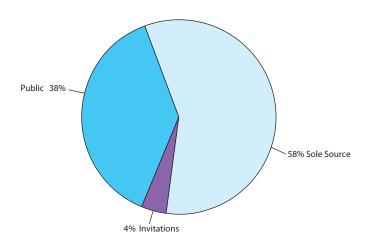
In 2019/20 there were two large Air Charter contracts awarded due to the COVID-19 pandemic. These contracts total over \$3 million.

In 2018/19 there were two (2) large contracts that were Sole Source Emergency awards. These two (2) contracts were for Airport Signage and lighting modifications in Nunavut Airports, required to maintain the safe operation of the airports and a contract for fuel delivery into Cambridge Bay (due to contractor default). The total value of these two (2) Sole Source contract awards was in excess of \$3.1 million.

Contracts > \$100,000, Contract Method, Volume

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Contracts > \$100,000 by Contract Method" summarizes the distribution of Contracts by Contract Method – Based on Volume. Contracts for goods and contracts extended from previous years are excluded from this analysis.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Contracts > \$100,000
By Contract Method – Based on Volume
2019/20



Distribution of Contracts by Contract Method - Based on Volume

Year	Awarded	Pu	blic	Invit	tations	Sole	Source
2019/20	271	102	38%	11	4%	158	58%
2018/19	267	76	28	10	4	181	68
2017/18	206	102	50	21	10	83	40

In 2019/20, of the two hundred seventy-one (271) contracts awarded in the > \$100,000 value threshold, one hundred thirteen (113) or 42% resulted from a competitive process and one hundred fifty-eight (158) or 58% resulted from Sole Source contracts.

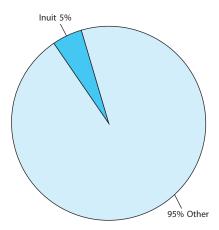
In 2018/19, of the two hundred sixty-seven (267) contracts awarded in the > \$100,000 value threshold, eighty-six (86) or 32% resulted from a competitive process and one hundred eighty-one (181) or 68% resulted from Sole Source contracts.

In 2017/18, of the two hundred and six (206) contracts awarded in the > \$100,000 value threshold awarded, one hundred twenty-three (123) or 60% resulted from Tenders or Proposals and 83 or 40% resulted from non-competitive Sole Sourcing.

Sole Source Contract Distribution, > \$100,000, Status, Value

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000 By Status Category" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category – Based on Value. Purchase Orders and Contracts extended from previous years are excluded.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000
By Status Category – Based on Value
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category – Based on Value (Thousands)

Year	Awarded	Int	uit	Nun	avut	Ot	her
2019/20	\$59,684	\$3,046	5%	\$ -	-%	\$56,638	95%
2018/19	71,214	7,891	11	124	-	63,199	89
2017/18	28,335	697	2	488	2	27,150	96

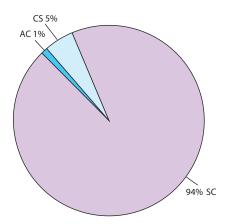
The pie chart and corresponding table above shows that Sole Sourced contracts of value over \$100,000 are largely awarded to Other (Non-Inuit and Non-Nunavut contractors). This has been consistent over the last fourteen (14) years of this report.

Note that where Nunavut businesses also have Inuit Firm Status, they are included in the Inuit Firm category.

Contracts > \$100,000 Sole Sources – by Type, Value

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000 By Status Category Awarded to Other Businesses" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category – Based on Value.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000 By Type
Awarded to Other Businesses – Based on Value
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts >\$100,000 Awarded to Other Businesses – Based on Value (Thousands)

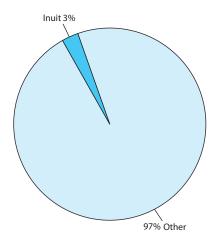
Sole Source - Other Businesses	2019	9/20	20	2018/19		2017/18	
Air Charter (AC)	\$ 456 1%		\$ -	-%	\$ -	-%	
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	-	-	321	1	-	-	
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Consulting services (CS)	3,028	5	5,256	8	9,428	35	
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	-	-	545	1	-	-	
Service Contracts (SC)	53,154	94	57,077	90	17,722	65	
Total	\$56,638	100%	\$63,199	100%	\$27,150	100%	

In 2019/20, of the \$59,485,000 awarded as Sole Source contracts, \$56,638,000 were awarded to Other. Of the contracts awarded to Other, 94% were for Service Contracts. This relatively high percentage has been consistant over the three (3) years covered by the chart above.

Contracts > \$100,000, Status, Volume

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000 By Status Category" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category – Based on Volume excluding goods and contracts extended from previous years.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000
By Status Category – Based on Volume
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts by Status Category - Based on Volume

Year	Awarded	Inuit	Nunavut	Other
2019/20	158	4 3%	%	154 97%
2018/19	181	8 4	1 1	172 95
2017/18	83	4 5	2 2	77 93

From the table above, in 2019/20, out of the one hundred fifty-eight (158) Sole Source contracts awarded, one hundred fifty-four (154) or 97% were awarded to Other businesses (not registered as Inuit or Nunavut firms).

From the table above, in 2018/19, out of the one hundred eighty-one (181) Sole Source contracts awarded, one hundred seventy-two (172) or 95% were awarded to Other businesses (not registered as Inuit or Nunavut firms).

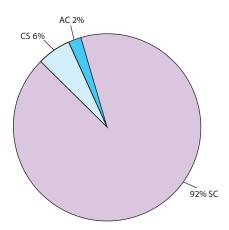
From the table above, in 2017/18, out of the eighty-three (83) Sole Source contract awards, 93% went to Other businesses (not registered as Inuit or Nunavut firms).

The chart above and historical numbers show that 90-97% proportionate share of Sole Source contracts in the Value category over \$100,000 are awarded to "Other" contractors. This trend is true for the last thirteen (13) years.

Contracts > \$100,000, Status Other, Volume

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000 By Status Category Awarded to Other Businesses" summarizes the distribution of Sole Source Contracts Awarded to Other Business.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Sole Source Contracts > \$100,000 By Status Category
Awarded to Other Businesses – Based on Volume
2019/20



Distribution of Sole Source Contracts Awarded to Other Businesses - Based on Volume

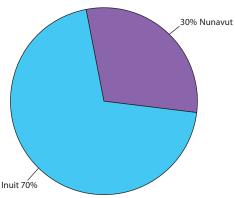
Sole Source - Other Businesses	20	2019/20		18/19	20	17/18
Air Charter (AC)	3	2%	-	- %	-	-%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	-	-	2	1	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consulting services (CS)	9	6	15	9	30	39
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	-	-	2	1	-	-
Service Contracts (SC)	142	92	153	89	47	61
Total	154	100%	172	100%	77	100%

From the chart above and over the last fourteen (14) years of this report, Sole Source contracts in this category have been predominantly composed of Service Contracts.

4. Contracts Awarded to Local Business

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Value For Contracts > \$25,000 to <=\$100,000 – Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracts awarded to local businesses, based on value for contracts greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 excluding goods.

Government of Nunavut
Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Value
For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
Excluding Goods
2019/20



Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Value For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 – Excluding Goods (Thousands)

Type	2019/20	2018/19	2017/18
Inuit	\$2,332 70%	\$4,230 83%	\$3,655 85%
Nunavut	1,016 30	860 17	645 15
Total	\$3,348 100%	\$5,090 100%	\$4,300 100%

This section analyses the value of contracts in the > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 dollar value threshold, excluding goods Purchase Orders, that were awarded to Inuit and Nunavut firms located in the same community where the work is required.

In 2019/20, of the \$27,732,000 of contracts in the > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 dollar value range, excluding Purchase Orders, a total of \$3,348,000 was awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses. Of that \$3,348,000 value, \$2,332,000 was awarded to Local Inuit firms (70%) and \$1,016,000 was awarded to Local Nunavut firms, (30%).

In 2018/19, of the \$38,121,000 of contracts in the > \$25,000 to < \$100,000 dollar value range, excluding Purchase Orders, a total of \$5,090,000 was awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses. Of this \$5,090,000 value, \$4,230,000 was awarded to Local Inuit firms (83%) and \$860,000 (17%) was awarded to Local Nunavut firms.

In 2017/18 of the \$37,770,000 of contracts in the > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 dollar value range, excluding Purchase Orders, a total of \$4,300,000 was awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses. Of this \$4,300,000 value, \$3,655,000 was awarded to Local Inuit firms (\$5%) and \$645,000 was awarded to Local Nunavut firms (\$5%).

From this three (3) year trend, we can see that Local Inuit firms receive a much larger majority of Local Awarded Contracts than do Nunavut firms. It is worthwhile to note that Inuit Firms who are registered under the NNI Regulations as approved Nunavut Businesses are eligible for the full 25% of bid adjustments permitted under the NNI Regulations rather than just 20%.

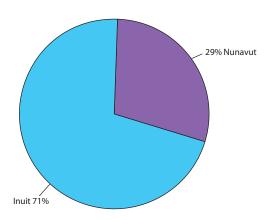
Note: Hamlets, Housing Authorities, Nunavut Arctic College and Inuit organizations are not Local under the NNI Regulations because they are not businesses registered with NTI as Inuit Firms, or with the GN as Nunavut Businesses.

The NNI Implementation Act and its regulations came into force on April 01, 2017. The new NNI Regulations increased the total possible bid adjustments from 21% to 25%. This included an increase from 7% to 15% for 100% owned Inuit Firms.

Contracts > \$25,000 <= \$100,000, Local, Volume

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 - Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracts awarded to local businesses, based on quantity for contracts greater than \$25,000 and less than or equal to \$100,000 excluding goods.

Government of Nunavut
Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Volume
For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000
Excluding Goods
2019/20



Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$25,000 to <= \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

Type	2019/20		20	2018/19		17/18
Inuit	44	71%	80	80%	79	86%
Nunavut	18	29	20	20	13	14
Total	62	100%	100	100%	92	100%

In 2019/20, of the five hundred thirteen (513) contracts excluding Purchase Orders in this value range, sixty-two (62) were awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses (12%). Of the sixty-two (62) contracts, 44 or 71% were awarded to Inuit Firms and eighteen (18) or 29% were awarded to Nunavut firms.

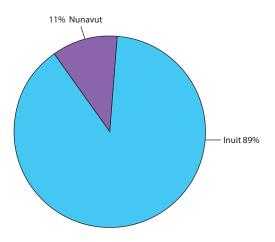
In 2018/19, of the six hundred seventy-six (676) contracts excluding Purchase Orders in this value range, one hundred (100) were awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses (15%). Of the one hundred (100) contracts, eighty (80) were awarded to Local Inuit firms (80%) and twenty (20) were awarded to Local Nunavut firms (20%).

In 2017/18, of the six hundred ninety-seven (697) contracts excluding Purchase Orders in this value range, ninety-two (92) were awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses (13%). Of the ninety-two (92) contracts, seventy-nine (79) were awarded to Local Inuit firms (86%) and thirteen (13) were awarded to Local firms (14%).

Contracts > \$100,000, Local, Value

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Value – For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracts awarded to local businesses, based on value for contracts greater than \$100,000 excluding goods.

Government of Nunavut
Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Value
For Contracts > \$100,000
Excluding Goods
2019/20



Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Value For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods (Thousands)

Type	201	9/20	201	18/19	201	7/18
Inuit	\$35,969	89%	\$157,883	97%	\$40,280	97%
Nunavut	4,417	11	4,053	3	1,406	3
Total	\$40,386	100%	\$161,936	100%	\$41,686	100%

This section analyses the value contracts above the >\$100,000 dollar value threshold, excluding Purchase Orders, that were awarded to Local Inuit or Nunavut firms.

In 2019/20, of the \$476,492,000 of contracts above the >\$100,000 dollar value threshold, excluding Purchase Orders, \$40,386,000 or 8% was awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses. Of this amount 89% or \$35,969,000 was awarded to Inuit firms and 11% or \$4,417,000 was awarded to Nunavut firms.

In 2018/19, of the \$461,139,000 of contracts in this category \$161,936,000 was awarded to Local Inuit or Nunavut firms (35%). Of the \$161,936,000, 97% or \$157,883,000 was awarded to Local Inuit firms, and 3% or \$4,053,000 was awarded to Local Nunavut businesses.

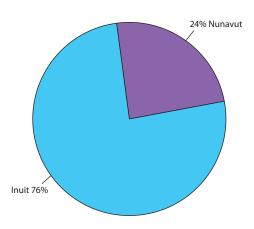
In 2017/18, of the \$454,139,000 (rounded to the nearest thousand) of contracts above the >\$100,000 dollar value threshold, excluding Purchase Orders, \$41,686,000 (rounded to the nearest thousand) was awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut Businesses (9%). Of the \$41,686,000, \$40,280,000 was awarded to Local Inuit firms (97%), and \$1,406,000 was awarded to Local Nunavut businesses (3%).

A eleven (11) year analysis shows clearly that Inuit firms consistently win more contracts (volume) and higher dollar value, in this dollar range than Nunavut firms, however, firms with Inuit and Nunavut status are included in the Inuit statistics.

Contracts > \$100,000, Local, Volume

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Volume – For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods" summarizes the distribution of contracts awarded to local businesses, based on the volume of contracts greater \$100,000 excluding goods.

Government of Nunavut
Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Volume
For Contracts > \$100,000
Excluding Goods
2019/20



Contracts Awarded to Local Business – Based on Volume For Contracts > \$100,000 – Excluding Goods

Туре	2	2019/20		2018/19		17/18
Inuit	47	76%	37	79%	41	89%
Nunavut	15	24	10	21	5	11
Total	62	100%	47	100%	46	100%

In 2019/20, of the four hundred sixty-five (465) awarded contracts in the > \$100,000 dollar value range, excluding Purchase Orders, sixty-two (62) or 13% were awarded to Inuit and Nunavut businesses. Of the sixty-two (62) contracts, fourty-seven (47) or 76% were awarded to Inuit firms and fifteen (15) or 24% were awarded to Nunavut firms.

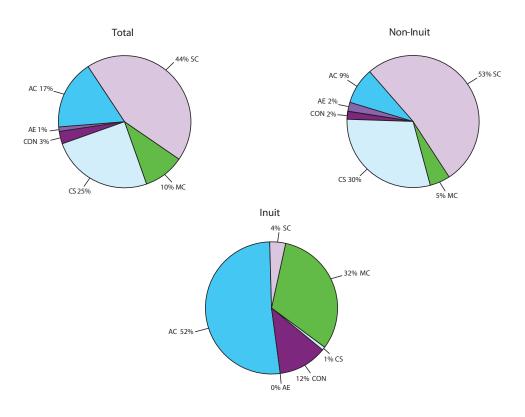
In 2018/19, of the five hundred seventy-six (576) awarded contracts in the > \$100,000 dollar value range, excluding purchase orders, forty-seven (47) or 8%, were awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut businesses. Of the forty-seven (47) contracts, thirty-seven (37) or 79% were awarded to Local Inuit firms and ten (10) or 21% were awarded to Local Nunavut firms.

In 2017/18, of the four hundred eighty-two (482) awarded contracts in the > \$100,000 dollar value range, excluding Purchase Orders, forty-six (46) were awarded to Local Inuit and Nunavut Businesses (10%). Of the forty-six (46) contracts, forty-one (41) were awarded to Local Inuit firms (89%) and five (5) were awarded to Local Nunavut businesses (11%).

5. Submissions Received

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of Submissions Received From Inuit & Non-Inuit Firms – Based on Volume – Excluding Goods and Sole Sources" summarizes the distribution of submissions received between Inuit and non-Inuit firms based on volume.

Government of Nunavut
Distribution of Submissions Received Between Inuit and Non-Inuit Firms
Based on Volume
Excluding Goods and Sole Source
2019/20



Distribution of Submissions Received Between Inuit and Non-Inuit Firms Based on Volume – Excluding Goods and Sole Source

2019/20

Type	T	otal	Ir	nuit	Non	-Inuit
Air Charter (AC)	255	17%	142	56%	113	44%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	21	1	1	5	20	95
Construction (CON)	51	3	32	63	19	37
Consulting services (CS)	382	25	2	1	380	99
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	155	10	87	56	68	44
Service Contracts (SC)	674	44	10	1	664	99
Total	1,538	100%	274	18%	1,264	82%

2018/19

Type	T	otal	In	uit	Non-Inuit		
Air Charter (AC)	309	18%	211	68%	98	32%	
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	19	1	-	-	19	100	
Construction (CON)	39	2	31	79	8	21	
Consulting services (CS)	663	38	4	1	659	99	
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	115	7	70	61	45	39	
Service Contracts (SC)	602	34	10	2	592	98	
Total	1,747	100%	326	19%	1,421	81%	

2017/18

Type	To	otal	Inuit	No	n-Inuit
Air Charter (AC)	394	22%	333 85	5% 61	15%
Architectural/Engineering (AE)	39	2	5 13	34	87
Construction (CON)	48	3	29 60) 19	40
Consulting services (CS)	580	32	7	573	99
Minor Construction or Maintenance Services (MC)	212	12	118 56	5 94	44
Service Contracts (SC)	542	30	19 4	523	96
Total	1,815	100%	511 28	3% 1,304	72%

In 2019/20, we see that the total number of submissions has decreased by 12%. The volume from Inuit firms has decreased by 16% and the volume from Other firms has decreased by 11%.

In 2018/19 we see a significant decrease in the submissions from Inuit firms. The decrease shows a 36% decline, however we also note a 4% decrease in the total volume of submissions. The 2018/19 numbers also show a 9% increase in submissions from Non-Inuit firms.

The volume of submissions from Inuit Firms grew during the fiscal year 2016/17 we saw an increase of 29%. From 2016/17 to 2017/18 we saw a further 7% increase.

The volume of submissions from Non-Inuit firms grew from 2006/07 to 2012/13. In 2013/14 we saw a decrease (16%) for the first time in seven (7) years. In 2014/15, we saw a jump of 29%. In 2015/16, the numbers decreased slightly.

Over the three (3) years covered by the chart above, an average 78% of submissions are from non-Inuit firms and 22% from Inuit firms.

6. Inuit Labour

The table below "Government of Nunavut Analysis of Inuit Labour – Minor Construction or Maintenance" summarizes the involvement of Inuit Labour on construction and maintenance contracts less than \$100,000.00. This contract type is also more commonly referred to as a "Minor Works" or "O&M" contract.

	2019/20				2018/19			2017/18		
	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	
	Required	Bid	Achieved	Required	Bid	Achieved	Required	Bid	Achieved	
Across Nunavut	42%	40%	52%	41%	35%	59%	38%	48%	40%	
Baffin	18	18	27	33	41	49	26	33	35	
Kitikmeot	36	37	32	30	30	44	28	40	37	
Kivalliq	50	47	61	53	61	63	49	63	45	

The values provided for Minor Construction Contracts across Nunavut over the last three fiscal years indicate that contractors on average are able to exceed the minimum requirements, both in their bids, and throughout the contract. However in 2019/20, in the Kitikmeot Region, the rate achieved is short by 4%.

The table below "Government of Nunavut Analysis of Inuit Labour – Major Construction" summarizes the distribution of Inuit Labour on construction contracts in excess of \$100,000.00.

	2019/20				2018/19)		2017/18		
	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	Avg %	
	Required	Bid	Achieved	Required	Bid	Achieved	Required	Bid	Achieved	
Across Nunavut	29%	33%	33%	29%	32%	30%	30%	26%	30%	
Baffin	27	28	30	24	27	27	30	25	31	
Kitikmeot	33	35	36	31	35	32	-	-	-	
Kivalliq	32	41	38	33	33	32	30	30	30	

For Major Works the average required rate has fluctuated over the last three years. The average percentage achieved in Nunavut has also been fluctuating.

For the years 2017/18 and 2019/20 contractors on average are able to exceed the minimum requirements, at contract performance. In 2018/19 we see that the Kivalliq Region fell short by 1%.

For both Minor Construction and Major Construction, contractors often tend to bid higher labour rates than are required. This allows them to receive higher bid adjustments.

The table below summarizes "Actual Bonuses Paid and Penalties Assessed" on Major Works Construction and Minor Works Construction and Maintenance Services.

	2019/20		2018	3/19	2017/18		
	Bonuses	Penalties	Bonuses	Penalties	Bonuses	Penalties	
Across Nunavut	\$627,547	\$234,736	\$815,489	\$51,999	\$116,345	\$68,303	
Baffin	\$180,793	\$23,096	\$614,970	-	\$ 39,708	\$ 9,151	
Kitikmeot	\$188,640	\$135,362	\$ 45,614	-	\$ 7,781	-	
Kivalliq	\$303,112	\$76,277	\$154,905	\$51,999	\$ 68,856	\$59,152	

Bonuses are paid or penalties are levied when contractors exceed or do not achieve the contracted Inuit Labour requirement.

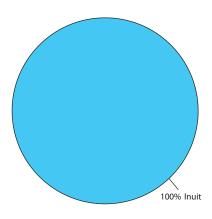
The above figures reflect Bonuses and Penalties paid-out or collected in each year of the respective fiscal years. In the fiscal years 2017/18 to 2019/20 the amount of bonuses exceeded the penalties.

The required minimum Inuit labour rates for construction and maintenance service contracts are determined by the project officers. In determining the applicable rate, they consider factors such as the availability of labour in the community and what other projects are ongoing within the community competing for the same skilled labour. The Inuit labour rates are designed to provide employment and experience for Inuit labour and incentivise the construction companies to maximize the levels of Inuit labour.

7. NNI Adjustments

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Distribution of NNI Awarded Contracts – Based on Value", summarizes the distribution of all contracts received excluding goods and sole sourced contracts.

Government of Nunavut Distribution of NNI Awarded Contracts – Based on Value 2019/20



* Zero Data Nunavut

Distribution of NNI Awarded Contracts – Based on Value

Contract Excluding Goods and Sole Source	201	19/20	201	8/19	201	17/18
Inuit	\$5,135,323	100%	\$4,984,298	100%	\$1,589,408	100%
Total	\$5,135,323	100%	\$4,984,298	100%	\$1,589,408	100%

This section analyses the value of contracts excluding Goods and Sole Sources that were awarded to a contractor that would not have won the contract without the bid adjustments.

In 2019/20, for contracts not including goods, \$5,135,323 total value of contracts were impacted by the NNI Regulations application. This represents 17 contracts. Of the 17 contracts, 7 were for Air Charters, 5 were for "As and When" Maintenance contracts, 3 were for Major Works Construction contracts and 2 were for Janitorial Services.

In 2018/19, for contracts not including goods, \$4,984,298 total value of contracts were impacted by the NNI Regulations Application. This represents seventeen (17) contracts. Of the seventeen (17) contracts, six (6) were for Construction and eleven (11) were Air Charters.

In 2017/18, for contracts not including goods, \$1,589,408 total value of contracts were impacted by the NNI Regulations Application. This represents seventeen (17) contracts. Of the seventeen (17) contracts, eleven (11) were for Air Charters.

This information is based on All Contracts, excluding Purchase Orders and Sole Sources. NNI Adjustments are applied to determine the low bidder or the best-value proposal that will be awarded a contract. A contract awarded "due to NNI Adjustments" is a contract that would have been awarded to another company, but the application of NNI adjustments changed the lowest price tender, or highest rated proposal.

A eleven (11) year trend analysis would indicate that Inuit firms are awarded a greater volume of contracts than are Nunavut firms. Nunavut firms that are also registered as Inuit firms receive a larger bid adjustment. As of April 01, 2017, Inuit Firms with a greater percentage of Inuit ownership receive a greater adjustment. This is outlined in the NNI Regulations.

GOVERNMENT OF NUNAVUT

Contract Activity Report

Non-registered (Other) firms can receive NNI pricing adjustments when maximizing Inuit and Nunavut Content in their bids by using registered Inuit, Nunavut and Local subcontractors and suppliers, and hiring Inuit and Nunavut labour.

The number of contracts that have been awarded due to NNI Bid Adjustments remains low. However, this section does not look at Goods Contracts, a category which Inuit firms are more successful at winning.

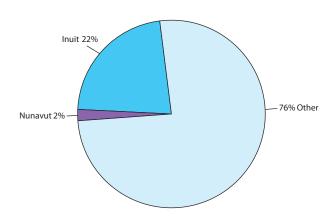
For a more complete analysis of contracts awarded due to the application of the NNI Regulations, refer to the "General Observations" section in the front of this report.

Note: As of May 2006, the NNI Policy allows for a non Local bidder to receive the Local Adjustment if no local bidder has submitted or responded to the contract opportunity. The bidder need not be based in the community where the good, service or construction is required, but they must be a NNI or NTI registered business and also be based somewhere in Nunavut to get the adjustment. Refer to NNI Regulations section 25.5.

8. Comparison to Prior Year

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Comparison to Prior Year Based on Contract Value" summarizes the comparison of current year to previous year contract value (in Thousands).

Government of Nunavut
Comparison to Prior Year Based on Contract Value
2019/20



	2	019/20	20	2018/19		
Inuit	\$122,003	22%	\$267,138	49%		
Nunavut	10,333	2	7,665	1		
Other	425,918	76	274,922	50		
Total	\$558,254	100%	\$549,725	100%		

The value of all contracts increased by 1.6% for the 2019/20 fiscal year.

The value of contracts to Inuit decreased by 54%

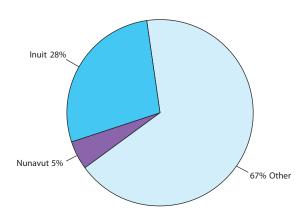
The value of contracts to Nunavut increased by 35%; and

The value of contracts to Other increased by 55%.

It should be noted that Inuit and Nunavut companies must maintain their status every two (2) years. Failure to re-apply in a given year may result in loss of status and denial of bid adjustments. The NNI and Inuit Firms registries are updated on a daily basis, and the contractor status is reported on the date of competition close (or contract award in the case of Sole Sources). This is a contributing factor of awards to Inuit and Nunavut fluctuating from year to year.

The chart below "Government of Nunavut Comparison to Prior Year Based on Contract Volume" summarizes the comparison of current year to previous year contract volume.

Government of Nunavut
Comparison to Prior Year Based on Contract Volume
2019/20



	20	19/20	2018/19		
Inuit	629	28%	793	30%	
Nunavut	112	5	92	3	
Other	1,515	67	1,860	68	
Other Total	2,256	100%	2,745	101%	

The overall volume of contracts decreased by 18% in 2019/20.

The volume of contracts to Inuit decreased by 21%;

The volume of contracts to Nunavut increased by 22%;

The volume of contracts to Other decreased by 19%.

Appendix A:

Definition of Terms and Abbreviations

Terms

- "Contracting Method": refers to the way a contract is awarded. There are, primarily, three ways of awarding contracts in the GN; Requesting Tenders, Requesting Proposals and Sole Sourcing. Another way of awarding a contract is by negotiation, however, only Cabinet can award or approve awarding without competition when competition is available.
- "Goods": means contracts for the purchase of goods or "Purchase Orders". Goods contracts are primarily awarded by the CGS Purchasing Section on behalf of GN Departments.
- "Inuit" or "Inuit Firm": means a company that is at least 51% owned by Inuit and is included on the Nunavut Tunngavik Inc. (NTI) Inuit Firms Listing at the time the contract is awarded.
- "Local": means an Inuit Firm or Nunavut Businesses whose business is based in the community where the work or goods are required.
- "Nunavut": means a company that is located in Nunavut and at least 51% owned by Nunavut Residents and is included on the GN's Registry of Approved Nunavut Businesses at the time the contract is awarded.

Other: means companies, persons or organizations that were not registered with NTI or the GN at the time the contract was awarded.

"Sole Source": means awarding a contract without a competitive request for tenders or proposals; special criteria apply.

Abbreviations Defined

Departments

CGS	Community and Government Services
CH	Culture and Heritage
EDT	Economic Development and Transportation
EDU	Education
EIA	Executive and Intergovernmental Affairs
ENV	Environment
FS	Family Services
FIN	Finance
HLTH	Health
HR	Human Resources
JUS	Justice

Contracting Types

AC	Air Charter
AE	Architectural/Engineering
CON	Construction
CS	Consulting Services
MC	Minor Construction or Maintenance
PO	Purchase Orders
SC	Service Contracts

Contracting Methods

IRFP	Invitational Request For Proposals
IT	Invitational Tender
PRFP	Public Request For Proposals
PT	Public Tender
SA	Sole Source Architectural/Engineering
SE	Sole Source Emergency
SV	Sole Supplier or Vendor